Digitized by Harpers Ferry National Historical Park under grant from Harpers Ferry Historical Assoc.

Virginia Free Press.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, Published Weekly BY JOHN S. & HORATIO N. GALLAHER.

VOL. 39. THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 10, 1846. NO. 34.

BOARDING & DAY SCHOOL,
SHEPHERDSTOWN,
Jefferson Co., Virginia.

Mrs. E. W. Phelps,

WILL re-open her School for Young Ladies on *Monday the 15th day of September next.* An accomplished young Lady has associated herself with Mrs. P. who will assist her in the various Departments. This Institution is situated in a pleasant village, whose proximity to the Baltimore and Cumberland Railroad, makes it perfectly easy of access, while its retirement is peculiarly favorable to study. All the branches of a thorough English Education are carefully taught, without neglecting those accomplishments which add such attractiveness to the Female character.

Well qualified Instructors are employed to give lessons in Music and in the French Language. The reading of German and Italian, will also be taught if desired. There is room in the Family of the Principal for a few young ladies, whose morals and manners will be watched over with assiduous care, and who will enjoy the advantages of a Home, while they acquire a complete Education. TERMS:

Board and Tuition in English	$120
Tuition in English alone, per annum,	25
French, per annum,	15
Music, per annum, with the use of Piano,	35
Drawing and Embroidery, each, per quarter,	2

Shepherdstown, Aug 20, 1846—4t

Young Ladies Boarding School,
By Rev. L. Eichelberger,
WINCHESTER, VA.

Angerona Seminary.

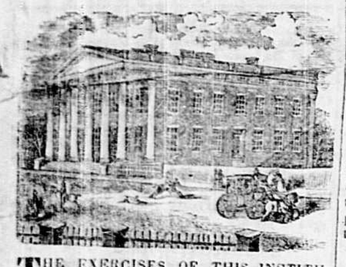
THE exercises of this Seminary for Young Ladies will be resumed *on Tuesday the 1st of September.* The instructions of the institution will embrace, as heretofore, the various branches of English, Classical and Ornamental Education. Pupils will have the benefit of the personal instructions of the undersigned, and at only a limited number will be admitted, each pupil will receive such attention as must secure satisfactory progress.

Heretofore, the expense, in most institutions, has been so great as to deter parents from sending their daughters from home to enjoy the advantages of good education. Anxious, as far as practicable, that this difficulty should be obviated, young ladies will be admitted into this institution at an average expense not exceeding $120 for the scholastic year of 10 months, or $100 to pupils under twelve years of age, and in the case of two or more pupils from the same family $100 each. This to include the entire expense of board, washing, light, fuel, and tuition, in all the branches of English and Classical education. Reference to circulars, furnished on application to the undersigned, either personally or by letter.

L. EICHELBERGER, *Principal*

Winchester, Va.

Frederick Female Seminary.



THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION WILL BE RESUMED ON TUESDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER NEXT.

The splendid Seminary building was erected expressly for a Female Collegiate Institution, at an expense of more than $16,000, and so far as we regard beauty and elegance of structure, the perfect adaptation of all its parts to the purpose for which they were designed, the elegance of its furniture, the comforts and conveniences of the boarding department, we confidently believe it is not surpassed by any similar Institution in the Southern States. Parents and Guardians are particularly invited to call and examine for themselves.

This Institution comprises three separate and distinct departments—the JUVENILE, where the elementary principles of an education are commenced—the PREPARATORY, where the pupils are thoroughly grounded in the substantial branches of education, namely—Spelling, Reading, Writing, Grammar, Geography and Arithmetic—the COLLEGIATE, where all the higher branches of a finished Female education, both useful and ornamental, are pursued to as great an extent as they are in our best Northern Schools. Embracing in its range a full and complete course of instruction, from the Alphabet to the completion of the Collegiate course. The whole is under the immediate control of the President, Mr. H. WINCHESTER, and nine Professors and Teachers, subject to the general supervision of the Board of Trustees.

Pains and expense in procuring Professors and Tutors have been matters of secondary consideration. The grand object was to secure for the Seminary the best talent of the country, and in this, we think, we have been eminently successful.

Although the Seminary has been in operation, as a corporate Institution, only one year, the catalogue numbers between *eighty* and *ninety* Scholars, and at the recent examination their manifestation of proficiency, sound scholarship, and graceful and lady-like deportment, drew forth the highest commendation from the able and efficient committees appointed to examine them.

The Professorships of Ancient and Modern Languages, Music, Painting and Drawing, are ably filled.

Ample arrangements have been made in the Seminary for the accommodation of Boarding Scholars.

The dormitories consist of separate rooms, twelve feet by eighteen, handsomely fitted up with entirely new Carpets, Beds, Bedding, &c.

The price of Board and Tuition in all the branches required for a Diploma, including furnished rooms, fuel, lights, washing, &c., $200 per scholastic year, *payable half yearly in advance.*

For further particulars in relation to the Institution, reference may be had to Mr. WINCHESTER, the President or either of the Trustees.

By order of the Board.

VAL. S. BRUNNER, *Secretary.*
GIDEON BANTZ, DAVID BOYD, C. STEINER, } *Trustees.*

Frederick, Md., Aug 20, 1846—$5.

MALE SCHOOL.

I WILL open on the 15th day of September next, a CLASSICAL & ENGLISH

SCHOOL,

At my house, near Kabletown, and desirous of obtaining 8 or 10 Boys to Board in my family. I have procured the services for the ensuing year of a gentleman who has the most favorably known as a teacher, during the past year, in this neighborhood.

Terms:—For board and tuition for a session of ten months, $120—one half payable Sept. 15th, and one half on the 1st of March.

J. C. R. TAYLOR.

July 30, 1846—6t—*Spirit copy.*

S. K. BURKHOLDER. M. B. CLINE.

S. K. BURKHOLDER & CO.,
Flour & Gen'l Commission
MERCHANTS,
Hollingsworth Street, BALTIMORE.

WILL give prompt attention to the sale of Flour, Grain and Country Produce generally. Their attention will likewise be given, under the style of

M. B. Cline & Co.,

To the sale of Cattle, Hogs and Sheep, at the cattle scales. References—

J. Hopkins, Bro. & Co. } *Baltimore.*
Tiffany, Long & Byrn, }
H. M. Brent, Esq., *Winchester.*

Baltimore, Sept 3, 1846—2m.

Martinsburg Gazette copy to amt. $3, and for'd acct to this office.

JOHN HOBSON & CO,
Flour and Commission
MERCHANTS,

NO. 351, West Baltimore Street, Baltimore, offer their services to Millers, Merchants and Farmers, in selling Flour, Grain, and other country produce, of all kinds, and in the purchase of Groceries, Fish, Salt and Plaster, and hope, by strict attention to business, and punctuality in making returns, to receive a share of business.

Cash advances made on consignments when required.

Baltimore, July 30, 1846—1m.

WALTER & CO.,
No 28, South Howard Street, BALTIMORE,

FLOUR Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Country Produce generally. Liberal advances made on consignments. Refer to

H. M. Brent, Esq. Cashier } *Winchester, Va.*
J. H. Sherrard, Esq. "
J. P. Reily, Esq.
Sam'l Jones, Jr. Esq. } *Baltimore.*
Pres't B & O R R
Messrs. W. & S. Wyman,
J. Landstreet & Son.

Baltimore, June 25, 1846—6m—*Spirit Gin.*

NOAH GASSAWAY,
Comm'n Merchant,
AND
Dealer in Produce,

NO. 24, COMMERCE STREET, *Baltimore*

Makes advances in cash on consignments, and purchases Flour and other produce from the cars.

Refer to—

Messrs Kirkland, Chase, & Co. } *Baltimore.*
" Birckhead & Pearce,
Charles A Gambrill, Esq.
George W. Riggs, " "
E. C. Wysham, "
Gustavus Ober, " } *Cumberland Bank.*
F. Beckham, Esq. } *Harpers-Perry.*
Robert Russell, "

Baltimore, July 23, 1846—6m—$5.

ROSS & GARROTT,
Flour & General Commission
MERCHANTS,
Hollingsworth Street, Baltimore,

WILL attend promptly to the sales of Flour, Grain, Tobacco, Whiskey, and Country Produce generally. The attention of one of the partners will be directed to the sale of Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, and Lots; convenient to the depot and scales have been provided to receive them. Refer to

T. H. & W. B. Willis, } *Jefferson Co.*
Cato Moore, *Cashier,*
H. M. Brent, *Cashier,* } *Winchester.*
J. H. Sherrard, "
Baker & Brown,
W. Miller & Co.
Jno. Louthan, *Clarke County.*

Baltimore, July 23, 1846—3m.

Winchester Republican, Martinsburg Gazette, and *Romney Intelligencer,* insert to amount of $3, and send bills to this office.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE subscribers have this day entered into Co-partnership for the purpose of conducting the FLOUR AND GENERAL PRODUCE COMMISSION BUSINESS, at No. 22, Commerce Street, one door from Pratt Street, Baltimore. They will attend to the sale of any kind of Produce and Stock, and hope to merit a share of the public patronage, by strict attention to the interests of those who consign to them.

JAMES WARDEN,
LAWRENCE B. BECKWITH.

REFERENCES.

Hopkins, Bro., & Co., } Baltimore,
James George,
Swynn & Co.,
Thos. H. & W. B. Willis, } Charlestown.
Jno. R. Flagg,
A. C. Timberlake, } Middleway, Va.
Geo. H. Beckwith & Co.,
Lewis Ivy & Co., Berkeley County.

Baltimore, Aug. 6, 1846.—3m.

☞ We are prepared to make the usual advances on all produce *forwarded.*

WARDEN & BECKWITH.

[*Spirit copy.*

NOTICE to FARMERS.

HAVING recently become the proprietors of "THE POTOMAC MILL," we respectfully announce to the farming community, that it is now being put in complete repair, and is ready for the reception of Wheat.

We have engaged the services of the same experienced and obliging Millers, who, for many years past, have given such satisfaction to the customers of the mill; and we confidently indulge the hope, that, we will be permitted to retain, as we are resolved to merit, a continuance of the patronage, which has, heretofore, been so liberally extended to this well known establishment.

As we feel no disposition to incur the responsibilities and risks, which result from all speculations in breadstuffs, we have determined to buy no wheat whatever, but to confine ourselves, simply and solely, to the Grinding of Grain for others, at the usual rates of toll; guaranteeing, of course, to stand the inspection of the Baltimore and Georgetown markets.

The commanding capabilities of the Potomac Mill for manufacturing flour upon the most extensive scale, and in the best manner—its convenience to the Canal, and facilities for loading and unloading boats, &c., are well known to the farmers generally, and we reiterate the assurance, that it shall not be our fault, if these peculiar advantages do not continue to be duly appreciated by them.

A. R. BOTELER, BRO. & CO.

Aug 13, 1846—6t—*Spirit copy 6t.*

Turner & Hudge,

WHOLESALE Dealers in Paper of all descriptions.

Rags, Printing and Writing Inks, Bleaching Powders, Russia Skins, &c.

No. 3, South Charles Street, Baltimore.

April 30, 1846—y

Preserves in Bottles.

PRESERVED Crab Apples, do. Prunes, Apple Jell, &c., for sale by

Sept 3. J H BEARD.

HENRY BELLMAN,
Professor of Music,

OFFERS his professional services to the Music-lovers of Charlestown and vicinity, in giving lessons on the Piano Forte, Organ, Guitar, Violin, Violincello, and any other instrument. Also, to Bands, Choirs and Musical Societies. He will likewise tune and repair Pianos, and Organs; arrange Music for Bands and Societies, and prepare Original Music for any occasion.

Orders left at Mr. Carter's Hotel will be promptly attended to.

Sept 3, 1846.

J. Gregg Gibson, M. D.,

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public. He has become associated with Dr. J. J. H. STRAITH, so that he will always have the benefit of his instruction and counsel. Unless professionally absent, he may be found at all hours at Dr. Straith's office.

Aug 27, 1846—3m.

ANDREW E. KENNEDY,
Attorney at Law & Solicitor in Chancery,
BALTIMORE, MD.,

PRACTICES in the various Courts of the city, Annapols, and Ellicotts Mills.

Office, No. 6, Court-house Lane.

Reference may be made to James M. Mason, Esq *Winchester;* Ed. E. Cooke, Andrew Hunter, and Wm. Lucas, Esqs. *Charlestown.*

Aug 27, 1846—3m

Lawrence B. Washington,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

RESPECTFULLY offers his Professional Services to the public.

He may be found in Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.

Nov 27, 1845.

LAW NOTICE.

ANDREW KENNEDY has associated with him in the practice of Law his son JOHN W. KENNEDY. One of them will be always found at the Office in Charlestown.

They will attend to business in all the Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick, and Clarke counties.

AND. KENNEDY,
JNO. W. KENNEDY.

May 7, 1846.—tf—*Spirit copy.*

A CARD.

WILLIAM LUCAS & BENJ. F. WASHINGTON,

HAVING associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, will attend the Superior and Inferior Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick, and Clarke.

Office the same as heretofore occupied by Lucas & Bedinger.

Charlestown, Aug. 14, 1845—tf.

The Senior Partner in the above Card would say to his friends and to the public generally, that he has again resumed, with renewed zeal, the practice of his profession, which the duties of public life have for the last few years, have compelled him to forego. To all, then, who wonder the last few years, have come charge, he deems it only necessary for him to say, that he is again prepared, as he hopes he is, with all his energy, to do battle in their cause, and to protect, with all his ability, the rights and interests of his clients. He can generally be found, when not elsewhere professionally engaged, at his office in Charlestown.

Aug. 28, 1845.—tf.

KEACH & GATES,

No. 215 BALTIMORE STREET, South Side, below Charles, BALTIMORE,

MANUFACTURERS and DEALERS IN Gimps, Fringes, Tassels, Cords, Bindings, *Odd Fellows', Sons of Temperance, and Red Men's Regalia,*

Banners, Flags, Cap Trimmings, Gold and silver gimp, fringe, stars and laces, tassels and cords, edgings and braids, bullions, spangles, milltary trimmings &c.

Also—Dealers in bunting for flags, sewing silk and twist, purse twist, silk braids and cords, saddler's, tram, floss, and organzine silk; silk oil cloth, silk velvet ribbon, bone buttons, gilt do., lasting and velvet do., pearl and lace do., bone and wood motes, hooks and eyes, needles and pins, knitting needles, bone and metal eyelets, patent thread, Turkey red cotton, infant's socks, jet bugles, jet breastpins, jet hair pins, jet necklaces, purse rings and tassels, silver and gilt beads, watch guards, boy's belts, kid gloves, silk shirts and drawers, merino do. do., cotton do. do., domestic woollen do, woollen comforts, English Galloons, &c. &c.

July 23, 1846.—6m.

JOHN V. EMICH,
Stove, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware
Manufacturer,

NO. 25, Light Street, Baltimore, has always an extensive and complete assortment of Stoves, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, which he offers at wholesale or retail, on liberal terms.

His assortment consists in part of COOKING STOVES, of the most approved kinds,

COAL STOVES of Sheet and Cast Iron,

Radiating Stoves,	Parlor Stoves,
Franklin do	Box do
Nineplate do	Hollow Ware Castings
Tenplate do	Tin Ware, &c &c

☞ Orders for Tin and Sheet Iron Work of all descriptions promptly attended to.

Country Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine the quality of the goods and prices before purchasing.

Aug 13, 1846—3m.

Wholesale and Retail
HAT ESTABLISHMENT.
190 *Baltimore st, Baltimore.*
WRIGHT & HOWARD,

RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the citizens of Jefferson county to their establishment for the manufacture and sale of **HATS**, in which may be found a large and general assortment of all articles in their line. Their establishment combining within itself every facility for complete workmanship with all the latest improvements in machinery—employing only the most scientific and experienced workmen and using the best materials alone, they are enabled with the aid of long practical experience to produce an article of GOODS unsurpassed by any thing in this or any other market.

To the Retail customer they are prepared to furnish a description of goods warranted to give the most eminent satisfaction, in fashion, durability and intrinsic worth.

The wholesale dealer will find inducement to purchase in the fullest and best selected assortments to be met with in the trade.

The fashion for the successive seasons regularly introduced and allowed to surpass all others in point of beauty and merit.

Gentlemen's, youth's, and children's caps, of new and beautiful patterns always kept on hand, which they offer for sale, with all other articles in their line, at the lowest possible prices. Their terms of Sale will be found liberal and accommodating, and every effort used to entitle them to the patronage of a liberal public.

WRIGHT & HOWARD,
Fashionable Hatters,
No 190 Baltimore street.

Baltimore, October 2, 1845—1y

MACHINE ROPE—For sale by

Aug 20. T C Sigafoose.

Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Hats,
Caps, Bonnets, Umbrellas, &c.

ANDERSON, WARE & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 116 Lombard Street, Baltimore, Md.

HAVE now received their usual large supply of Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Hats, Caps, Bonnets and Umbrellas, to which they invite the attention of Country Merchants visiting this market, and respectfully request those who usually purchase in the Eastern Cities to examine their stock and prices, feeling assured the result will prove favorable to the Baltimore market. Their stock at present consists of

3,000 PACKAGES, to which additions are daily arriving. They would name in part—

Men's, Boys' and Youths' thick pegged Brogans
do " " sewed do
do do " " russet do
do do do " pegged Boots
do do do " sewed do
do do do kip and neats monroes
do do fine calf and goat downings
do do do do do do
do do heavy calf, kip & grain'd Boots
do calf, seal, grained and roan slippers
do do do French edge pumps
Women's & misses' calf, kip & grained pegged (lace boots
do do " " do sewed do
do do " " do peg'd & sew'd
do do " " do peg'd & sew'd (strap shoes
do do " " do peg'd & sew'd (buskins and ties
do lasting & cloth gaiters & gaiter buskins
do & misses morocco & kid buskin & tie welts
do do patent calf, morocco & kid tie rounds
Children's kip, calf & grain'd peg'd strap & lace (boots
do " " do sew'd do
do morocco, kid & goat side lace gaiters
do do " " " " boots
do do " " ancle ties & buskins
do roan boots, all colors
Men's, women's, misses' and children's gum (over shoes
do do do metallic rubber slippers, sandals & buskins
do do do boots
do fashionable beaver, nutria, Russia, Moleskin, Angola and Coney Hats
do B. B. Nutria, Russia, Moleskin, Angola and Coney hats
do Pearl Ashland and Sporting Hats
do White, drab and black wool do
do Shetland, Fur and Hair Seal Caps
do Spanish, Opera & round top muskrat do
do Fur, Seal & Astrichan 'Ole Bull' do
do Fine and common Guard Cloth do
do Mohair, double plush, red Guard and selette do
do Silk, Imitation Silk, & common glaz'd do
do and boys' glazed top, fur band cloth do
Boys' Hair, Seal, Spanish & common selette do
do fancy cloth and velvet do
do Spring do spring button & fine guard do
do Honey Comb, Octagon and common do
Women's & misses' Florence, Pedal and Devon Braid Bonnets
do do Hoods, in great variety,
Silk and Gingham whalebone and steel frame Umbrellas
Canvas, hide and [illegible] Blacking, Leather, &c. &c.

Baltimore, Aug 27, 1846.

WALTER CROOK, Jr.
UPHOLSTERING
AND
Paper Hangings Warehouse,

NO. 220, Baltimore Street, near Charles street, Baltimore, keeps constantly on hand a large and general assortment of goods in his line of business, viz:

Satin and Worsted Damask, assorted colors
Watered Moreens
Cashmerine, and Borders to match
Curtain Trimmings
Cornices, Ornaments, and Curtain Rings
Embroidered and plain Curtain Muslins
Curtain Bands and Clasps
Silk Cords and Tassels
Curled Hair and Moss, Feathers; together with a general assortment of

Curtain Materials and Upholstery Goods.

Also, a large assortment of French and American Paper Hangings, suitable for Parlors, Drawing Rooms, Chambers, Halls, &c. together with Borders, Columns, Views, and Fire-Screens.

He makes to order, Bed and Window Curtains, Feather Beds, Curled Hair, Moss, and Husk Mattresses, Carpets, Cushions, Venitian Blinds, Shade Blinds, and all work in the Upholstery and Paper Hanging Business attended to.

Country Merchants and others are invited to give me a call.

Baltimore, Oct 2, 1845—1y

CURTAIN GOODS.

THE subscriber has on hand and offers for sale a large assortment of Silk and Worsted DAMASK of different colors—such as crimson, Drab, Green, Blue and Scarlet Damask, silk bindings to match, &c, figured curtain muslins, hair cloth, &c; Gilt and brass rods, curtain ornaments, gilt rings and curtain bands, &c. &c.

FEATHER BEDS AND MATTRESSES.

On hand a large assortment of Beds and Mattresses, made of the best curled hair, moss, curled palm leaf, fine hackled husk of different sizes, &c.

WINDOW SHADES.

He has just received a large assortment of transparent window shades, of different patterns.

VENETIAN BLINDS.

Always on hand and made to order Venetian Blinds of different colors and sizes, made in the best manner.

COTTON WADDING.

Also on hand, large and small sizes of white and black wadding, by the wholesale or retail.

All of which will be sold very low at

G. S. GRIFFITH'S
Upholstering & Paper Hanging Warehouse,
No 128, Market street.

Baltimore, October 2, 1845—1y

Cheap Paper Hangings
And Upholstery Goods.

G. S. GRIFFITH, respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has on hand and is constantly receiving from the Factory, a splendid collection of new and beautiful styles of

PAPER-HANGINGS:

Such as Fresco, Madalian Landscapes, Columns, Stripes, &c.

Also, every description of *Unglazed Papers,* for rooms, entries, &c.

Upholstery Goods:

Such as Worsted Damask, of all colors; Cushions and Curtains made to order; Feather Beds made of the best feathers and ticking; Curled Hair, Husk and Moss Mattresses; together with every article that pertains to the Upholstery business. Venitian Blinds, of all colors, always on hand and made to order.

Cotton Wadding—Black and White Wadding, of all sizes, wholesale and retail, at manufacturer's priers.

Persons desiring any of the above articles will please call before purchasing elsewhere, as they will be sold very low at

G. S. GRIFFITH'S, No 128 Balt st
between Calvert and South.

Baltimore, November 2, 1845—1y

Music! Music!!

A LARGE assortment of Music at two cents per page, for sale by

Sept 3. J H BEARD.

POETRY.

DREAMS OF HEAVEN.

BY WM. R. CRANSTON.

At evening's twilight hour I muse
On earth's delusive show,
Till Heaven, with all its raptured saints,
Gleams on its troubled brow:
The white-winged spirits of the skies
Wave gently in the air,
And murmuring breezes seem to be
The cherub host at prayer.

And all the friends I've loved and lost,
From earth, in youth or age,
Are hovering in the misty air,
Life's troubles to assuage:
The spirit leaves all meaner cares,
To bathe in streams of love,
Where faith, in perfect holiness,
Pervades the realms above.

The jarring discords of the world
Are quickly lulled to rest,
And all the storms of passion sink
To quiet in the breast:
The soul, in fancy-flights, ascends
To that sublimer realm,
Where purity of thought and deed
Makes love's bright diadem.

Oh, in life's wilder moments, think
Of fashion's fleeting joy,
And strive to gain the better land,
Where nothing can alloy:
Life's dreary moments then will flee,
Like wild clouds in the even,
And all thy sorrows be removed,
By blissful dreams of Heaven!

MISCELLANEOUS.

From the New Orleans Delta.

THE COUNTRY HEIRESS.

A SCENE IN A FASHIONABLE BALL ROOM.

"No; let the eagle change his plume,
The leaf its hue—the flower its bloom;
But ties around the waist were spun
That could, and would, and were undone."

Many evenings have not elapsed since music with its voluptuous swell, resounded in one of our public saloons, and "Bright lamps shone o'er fair women and brave men."

Aye, woman as fair and men as brave as ever assembled to pay court to Dame Terpsichore. It was on the occasion of one of our polite balls, and all that gaiety and variety prevailed which are so peculiarly characteristic of elegant intercourse and society in New Orleans. In that set danced the dark eyed Creole, of the languishing dreamy look, whose movements were as graceful as the undulations of the wave at eve time in summer: in this the blue eyed girl of the North, with auburn locks and angel motion. As a general rule, the dresses were faultless; at least, they were fashionable, and great taste was bestowed on the dressing of the hair.—Of the male members present, it is unnecessary to say that they were as neat and as spruce as fashion permits—patent leather shoes, kid gloves, and white vests could make them. But among the fairer portion of the party, there was one whose evident unacquaintance with city life, and apparent unsophisticated artlessness, attracted the attention of more than one "looker on in Vienna." She was still in her teens—just verging into womanhood.

"A rose with all its sweetest leaves yet folded."

Her dress was such as a Paris *modiste* would not turn out; and though somewhat awkward, she danced not ungracefully. The fact is, she came in from the Eastern part of the State to pay a visit to some city cousins, and they, without much making up for the occasion, prevailed on her to accompany them to the ball, for which they had tickets of invitation. Native beauty she wanted none, though she certainly stood in need of that easy elegance of manner, which intercourse with society alone teaches. A proud, pennyless, would-be-member of the "upper ten thousand," noticed her in a dance, and looking at her through his quizzing-glass, had the ungallantry to remark, in an audible tone of voice, "That although tolewable good-looking, she is the most ignowant, awkawd, chetaw, I have evew seen."

"Hush," said the person to whom he spoke, "that is Miss ——, from ——, the only child of the richest planter in the State!"

"Aw," said the empty purse, "that altaws the case. I should not have any objection myself to mawry a plantation and a hundawawd negwoes. D—n me, I shall engwage her for the next set."

When Miss ——, had finished her dance and taken her seat, this gentleman in search of a wife went over to her, and after making the most obsequious, or as he thought, polite bow, he asked her if he could not have "the pleashaw of dancing with her in the next set?"

She replied with much ingenuousness, "Certainly," for in truth she seemed to like the amusement.

Places were ordered to be taken for the next set, and he led out the unsophisticated heiress. She danced with great spirit until about the middle of the first figure, when she abruptly and precipitately retired to her seat, leaving her partner alone in his glory.

He was thunderstruck; could not account for such conduct; for, little as he gave her credit for knowing, he had not anticipated that she would serve him such a trick as that. Following her over to where she sat, he addressed her in a tone of displeasure, saying, "Madame, to what may I attribute conduct such as you have just been guilty of? You accept me for pawtnaw, and in the very middle of the dance, wun off and leave me standing in the middle of the woom, a mawk fo' the sneaws and laughtaw of every one in the room.

"Hush," said she, "hush," putting her hand up to his mouth, "*My bustle has hitched around to one side!*"

'Always Dry.'—'I say, mother,' said a regular street loafer, the other night, after he had deposited something in a ricketty old cupboard and laid himself down upon the floor, 'I want you to wake me when I get dry!'

'How shall I know when you get dry?'

'Oh, just wake me any time; I'm always dry.'

HUMBLE LIFE.

There is a happiness in humble life—who can doubt it? The man who owns but a few acres of land, and raises an abundance to supply the necessary wants of his family, need ask for nothing more. If he is satisfied with his condition (and there are thousands so situated who are,) then no man is more happy. No political movement disturbs his repose, no speculating mania chases the calm serenity from his mind—no schisms in the Church throw shadows beneath his golden sky. His family is the world to him. Who sighs not for such a life of calmness and serenity? Amid the cares and anxieties of business, who would not at times change his prospects and his honors for the repose of him who is happy and contented on his spot of ground, far from the noise and bustle of city life? If there is a situation congenial to the true spirit of man, and the growth of virtue, it is amid the rejoicings of nature—in the calm retirement of rural life.—*Portland Tribune.*

When the Great Christian Teacher was upon earth his first lesson was love, a love of every thing good, and high, and noble, and extending itself over a world of intelligence. Its first manifestation at the Throne of God, and its last, were for man. This is the lesson we are to learn, if we would be taught by it.

HINDIAN CORN.—Indian corn is growing popular in these latter days. In days gone by it was considered a very vulgar sort of grain—only fit for the commonest people to eat. But since the falling off in the potatoe crops, new virtues have been discovered in Indian corn; even John Bull seems willing to fatten on it, if he could discover how to cook it.

A few days since, while dining at the Baltimore Exchange, we noticed a couple of newly arrived, sandy-haired Englishmen, opposite us, scrutinizing the bill of fare. It was near the dessert, and they were looking among the custard, pudding and pies, for something wherewith to conclude their sumptuous dinner.

'What's this Bob,' said one, 'Hindian pudding?'

'Where?' inquired Bob, peering at the bill.

'Hindian pudding. Hindian pudding,' repeated the first. 'Is that Hindian corn, do you think, what they are making such a rumpus about at 'ome?'

'Yes, that must be it concluded Bob.

'My hey, then,' said his friend, let's ave it.

Presently the dessert was brought on and our English neighbors cast their eyes on Hindian pudding.—But the difference between them and the Irishman was, that while Pat knew his letters by sight, he could't call them by name, they knew Hindian pudding by name, but couldn't tell it when they saw it.

At length one called a waiter.

'Bring us the maize pudden, my boy,' said he.

The waiter started—he didn't know it by that name.

'The Hindian corn pudding,' repeated the Englishman.

It was before them in a minute, and they helped themselves modestly at first, but notwithstanding it was 'wery of,' it grew in favour with them until there was none left in the dish.

It was the first they had ever eaten, and it was amusing to hear their speculations on what was to them a rare dish.

'It will do, Bob, eh? I go with Peel for the free bintroduction of Hindian corn, and I'd ave it always done up in pudding.'

'It's equal to plum pudding,' replied his friend, 'with beef to boot. It's over barley or hoats decidedly.'

A few years ago, those men could have found nothing in America fit to eat—but hunger soon brings people to their senses.

THE LAST FIGHT.—Bill Stumps threatened to thrash Tom Handy. Tom, who was a steamboat pilot, heard of it, and seeing a crowd gathered, one day, at the settlement where Stumps lived, Handy rounded too his boat, tied it to a tree, and went ashore.

"Bill Stumps," exclaimed Handy, coming directly to the business in hand, "you want to thrash me, don't you?"

"Why no, Tom, not's I knows on—you hain't done me nothin' perticular, as I knows on."

"Well Bill, if you don't want to whip me, I feel jest like whipping you, and I'll give you one dollar and the tu fust liks, if you'll stand up to me."

"I'll do it, hoss!" exclaimed Bill, stripping for the fight. Two stalwart fellows were selected for seconds, or to see fair play. Tom paid over to Bill his dollar, and stood up. Bill drew off and popped Tom in the eye, knocking him down.—Tom rose and stood up like an honest man, for the other lick. Bill popped him in the other eye, with the same effect; but no sooner had he done so than he sung out 'nuff! nuff! take him off! take him off!" The seconds, as in duty bound, caught Tom and held him fast; the fight was ended; one party had cried "enough."

Absence of Mind.—A young lady, on visiting the Post Office to deliver a letter to her lover, unfortunately threw herself into the box, and did not discover her mistake until one of the clerks asked her if she was *single.*

Snoring Deacons.—The Deacons 'down East,' have a bad practice of snoring loud while asleep in church, which appears to disturb some of the folks there. The Boston Bee of Saturday has the following polite notice for one of them:

Deacon —— is requested not to commence snoring to-morrow, until the sermon is begun, as some persons in the neighborhood of his pew would like to hear the text.

NEWS ITEMS.

It is stated that the Rev. Thomas Pomp, of Easton, Pa., during the last fifty years has married 1 972 couples; baptized 7,617 children; confirmed 3 557, and attended 1 640 funerals. He preached his first sermon in July, 1796, and had at that time four congregations. He still continues to devote himself to the duties of his station, although fast approaching eighty years of age.

The Rev. Mr. Pomp served his time at the printing business in Baltimore. His father was pastor of the German Reformed Congregation which erected the Church that was afterwards known as Christ Church, adjoining Baltimore street bridge.

A bill was recently introduced into the Legislature of Mississippi, allowing all females over 14 years of age, the privilege of voting upon the question of granting licenses for the sale of intoxicating drinks.

Liberality.—Abbott Lawrence, of Boston, has given money for the purchase of a splendid library to be presented to William's College.

SPAIN appears to be concentrating a pretty strong naval force in the Gulf; the arrival of several vessels of war, we have noticed of late.

Capital in the Copper Business.—The number of companies engaged in the copper business in actual operation is about 90, and the nominal capital is over $15,000,000. Boston seems to have entered the most extensively in the business.

A patent has recently been taken out for an auger that bores a square hole. It is said to work admirably, and will entirely supercede the use of the mallet and chizel in that work.

The Journal of Commerce says that two captains in the Peruvian navy have arrived at New York to engage for the construction of a steam frigate.

Precious Stones.—Agate is found in abundance in the copper and silver region of Lake Superior. We have seen beautiful specimens in the possession of Dr. Hawks, of this city, and other gentlemen.

[*Rochester American.*

A Man of Business.—The new Editor of the Oregon Spectator holds at once the following offices:—Secretary of the Territory, Recorder of Land Claims, Recorder of Marriages, Clerk of the Supreme Court, Clerk of the Criminal Court, Reviser of the Laws; in addition to all which legal trusts, he seems to be a Doctor of Physic. A universal man like this is just the thing, of course, for an editor.

AGRICULTURAL.

RING BONE IN HORSES.

I wish to say to the readers of your useful and interesting paper that two cases of cure of Ring bone have been effected here by the use of common soft soap.—The bone was that of a horse that was ring-boned, say the time that it followed its mother, say the time that it followed its fore feet. A few months old, on both put to use in the spring, coming up and being dreadfully lame as to be useless. His owner applied to the ring [illegible] value. soap for three months in the summer season, perhaps thrice a week. For a while he seemed worse, but finally was entirely cured, and has been for several years perfectly free from lameness and a valuable work horse, and is still owned in this place.

The other case is that of a horse that has been owned in this place the past year, and last spring was as lame a horse as you ever saw, perhaps. His owner applied the same remedy with the same effect, and he is now about, well.

TO MAKE MUFFINS.

Sift a quart of flour, put to it a little salt, and a large spoonful of yeast; beat the white of a new laid egg to a strong froth, add it and make the flour up with cold water as soft as you can allow it to be handled, set it in a moderately warm place; next morning beat it well with a spoon, put it on the griddle in a round form, and bake it nicely, turning it frequently 'till done, send to the table hot. This is better than Mrs. Dumpling's stale bread.

PEACH TREES.

Permit me to give the farmers a slight hint relative to their peach trees at this season of the year. I have just examined ours, and find wherever the glue, or gum, is oozing from about the roots, there is sure to be a worm, one or more, at work between the bark and wood. I have found as many as seven in the same tree, and it must inevitably have died the coming summer, had I not with a hoe scraped the glue and earth from the root, and following the cavity from which it oozed, found and killed the worm. The worms have the same appearance as the sawyer found in pine trees, and from one to one and a half inches in length.

A RECEIPT TO MAKE PEACH WINE.—Take four or five bushels of ripe juicy press peaches, and mash or bruise them in a tub, and pour them into a barrel, large enough to contain them, and place it in a cool place. At the bottom of the barrel, before putting in the peaches, some clean straw must be placed, to prevent the pummice from filling up the spigot. The head of the barrel must be covered. In about three days the Peach Wine is ready for use. Draw it off, from the spigot, and if care and attention have been adopted, a delicious beverage will be produced.—*Thirty Years Experience.*

Harpers Ferry National Historical Park Microfilm Collection

VIRGINIA FREE PRESS.

CHARLESTOWN:
THURSDAY MORNING.
September 10, 1846.

A RARE DEVICE.

The Tariff of 1842 was repealed because it was declared to be oppressively high, and now we find the Treasury Department engaged in an effort to prove that the recent act of Congress is *more protective* than the odious "Black Tariff" itself. It is true, it requires some ingenious twisting of facts to make out such a result, yet to accomplish it rates are assumed which every business man's experience will contradict. For instance, Maderia Wine is set down under the late Tariff at 5½ per cent. The real duty was a specific one of 60 cents per gallon, equal on $1 20 (the actual cost) to fifty per cent. To make it but five and a quarter, as assumed, would require it to cost, $12 per gallon.

We think it likely the seamstresses of the Cities, who now get but nine-pence for making a shirt, will soon understand the difference to their branch. The Whig Tariff imposes fifty per cent; the Locofoco but thirty on ready-made clothing. On hats and bonnets (large numbers of which kind are manufactured in this country,) the duty is reduced from 35 to 30 per cent. Brandy was $1 per gallon, equal to 134 per cent. It is now to be but 100. Other spirits were taxed as high as 644 per cent. They are now put at 200 Here are proofs of regard for the poor.

Special regard for the farmer, about whose interest we heard so much during the canvass of 1844, is evinced in the fact that under the Whig Tariff the duty was 25 cents per bushel, equal by Mr. Walker's statement to 27½ per cent.—By the new Tariff the rate is twenty per cent! Wheat Flour reduced from 32½ to twenty per cent! Farmers is this the sort of protection now expected from your Democratic friends?

ANOTHER SLANDER CONTRADICTED.

The Locos have frequently in their journals and in public speeches attributed the sentiment "Let the Government take care of the rich, and the rich will take care of the poor," to Mr. Webster. Lately in Cincinnati it was reiterated in a Loco meeting that such a sentiment was Mr. W's. A gentleman enclosed the resolution containing it to Mr. Webster, to which, Mr. W. replied, by saying that the resolution "asserted an absolute falsehood. I never uttered such a sentiment at any time, or in any place, in substance, or in form, or any thing like it. The falsehood originated in Washington, ten or fifteen years ago. I have contradicted the statement, time after time, publicly and privately. No proof was ever produced, or attempted to be produced, of any such declaration made by me. Nevertheless, the falsehood continues to be repeated, occasionally, in the political press."

This is but illustrating a tenet of Locofocoism, that a "lie well stuck to, is as good as the truth."

GOVERNMENT ECONOMY.

A paper printed in the western part of New York, gives a small sample of Government economy. It states that a number of wagons have been contracted for in that neighborhood at *ninety dollars each*, while they can be purchased by private individuals, single, at *sixty dollars*, being an advance of fifty per cent. upon their true market value.

Another instance of prodigality may be seen in the company organized for the California expedition, under Col. Stevenson—notorious for his connection with the Glentworth affair in New York. The regiment is to start in three vessels chartered at an expense of $65,000! To take them out, when thousands of volunteers might have been procured at the place, or within a few miles nearer the scene of action than this, but we are to have to "pay the fiddler" submissively to the *deceived* individuals of Gotham.

BURNING IN EFFIGY.

We have seen many recent instances of affected horror on the part of the Democratic press at the infamy of burning in effigy, and many disclaimers that such acts should be charged upon their party. The Washington (N. C.) Whig publishes the following letter, written by the member of Congress from that district, a Democrat. He recommends that a gentleman who has filled the high station of Senator from his native State should be burnt in effigy because he would not vote for a measure which he honestly believed would work evil to the country:

WASHINGTON, JULY 25, 1846,

DEAR SIR: Haywood has this day resigned his seat in the Senate. He was opposed to a repeal of the tariff of 1842 and rather than vote for the tariff bill now before the Senate he preferred to resign. The city is full of rumors deeply affecting his integrity. The Democracy of your county ought to meet forthwith and denounce him as a traitor and burn him in effigy. In haste, yours, very respectfully,

HENRY S. CLARKE.

Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

The Grand Lodge of the United States will commence its annual session in the city of Baltimore, on Monday the 20th inst. The representatives of the Grand Lodge of Virginia are: P. G. Robert W. Reed, of Winchester, and P. G. Mordecai Cooke, of Norfolk. From the Grand Encampment of Virginia, P. G. E. C. Robinson, of Norfolk. The Grand Lodge will probably continue in session a week. It is composed of about fifty members, comprising delegates from all the State Grand Lodges and Encampments throughout the United States. The Order is in a flourishing condition through out the Union, and the number of subordinate Lodges is rapidly increasing.

KING, THE ABSCONDING CLERK.—Mr. George E. King, late of the firm of Holt & Co., New York, who absconded some time since, carrying with him, as was alleged, a large amount of money belonging to his partners, and who was subsequently arrested at Buffalo, has been brought back to New York and lodged in prison.

Mr. Calhoun declined an invitation to a Public Dinner tendered to him a few days ago by the visiters, without distinction of party, at the Salt Sulphur Springs.

THE PRIMARY SCHOOL SYSTEM.

Near the close of the session of the last Legislature, when all the School bills seemed in a condition of uncertainty, the friends of the Primary School System urged forward an amendatory bill—which, like the others, was hurried through without much time for reflection or examination. We give below a synopsis of its features, prepared by the Clerk of the House of Delegates.

An act amending the primary school system—Requires the county and corporation courts at their October terms to lay off their counties and corporations into districts, having regard to the territorial extent and population of the same, and to appoint for each district a school commissioner. All the commissioners to form a board. Vacancies to be supplied, as they occur, by the courts. Nine members, unless the number be less than sixteen and then a majority, to constitute a quorum of the board. The board is to elect a superintendent of schools, requiring of him bond and security for the performance of his duties. If he fail to accept or execute bond, the appointment may be made at the next court. The commissioner of each district is to transact any business therein, to register and report to the superintendent all children in the district between five and sixteen years; to enter at school any number of indigent children which the district portion of his county or corporation quota will pay for, at the rate of tuition allowed; and to subscribe such number of days to each teacher as he may think proper, directing such teacher to keep an account of every day's attendance of each child entered by him, for which the teacher is to receive the rate per diem prescribed. The superintendent is to perform the duties heretofore performed by the treasurer and clerk of the school commissioners, to prepare and keep a register of all children entered at school, and may from time to time require reports from the several commissioners of the county or corporation; he is also to report to the annual meeting of the board of commissioners the condition of the school system, with such information as may be proper; also his account as treasurer for the preceding year, the said account to be reported by said board to the superintendent of the Literary fund; he is to require from the said commissioners a report of the number, ages, names and sexes of the children within their districts, designating those entitled to instruction, and the number of days instruction, received up to the 30th September annually, and to report those facts to the superintendent of the Literary fund, together with any other matter regarded by him as important, or required to be communicated by the superintendent of said fund; he is to fix the compensation of the teachers per diem for the instruction of indigent children, subject to the control of the board of commissioners, to open an account with each district in his county, passing to its credit its equal share of the quota to which the county is entitled, notifying the commissioner of the district of the amount to his credit, and charging him with such orders as shall be drawn by the commissioner on the superintendent; he may require any information connected with his school; and he is entitled for his services, to two and a half per cent. upon the amount expended for the purposes of education during the preceding year. The act authorizes the commissioner of every district to draw upon the county superintendent, according to a specified form, for the amount due the teachers for the tuition of children entered by them at school. If the present system of primary schools is disapproved by the people, the county courts, on the petition of one fourth of the legal voters of the county, are required to order a poll to be opened in each county desiring it, for taking the sense of the people on the question whether they will adopt a system of district free schools or not. The persons who conducted the elections in the next preceding election of delegates to the General Assembly are to superintend said polls. Persons qualified to vote for delegates are allowed to vote on the question. The people in voting are allowed to specify their preference for any district system, whether the general one, or any special one which may have been adopted by any county in the State, or may have been passed into a law. Should two thirds of the voters cast their votes in favor of the system that has been passed by the Legislature, then that law shall be binding upon the county. The act requires, that so much as has already been paid by the State for claims, on account of payments to officers of the revolution, application for the reimbursement of which is now pending before Congress, shall be paid into the Literary fund and constitute a part of its permanent capital. The act takes effect from and after the 1st of October 1846.

RESOURCES OF LOUDOUN COUNTY.

The following is the [illegible] for 1840, compiled from the Returns of Loudoun county, at current prices, viz:

573,460 bushels of Wheat, at 75 cents per bushel		$430,095
1,472 " Barley, at 50 cents	"	736
224,706 " Oats, at 25 cents	"	56,176 50
81,517 " Rye, at 50 cents	"	40,758 50
6,845 " Buckwheat, at 50 cts.	"	3,422 50
891,695 " Indian Corn, at 40 cts.	"	356,678
63,951 lbs. of Wool, at 25 cents,		15,987 75
1,044 lbs of Wax, at 25 cents,		261
53,247 bushels of Potatoes, at 25 cents,		13,311 75
9,967 tons of Hay, at $6,		59,802
1,725 lbs of Tobacco, at 5 cents,		86 25
4,404 cords of Wood, sold at $1,		4,404
Products of the Dairy, valued at		80,223
Value of Poultry,		11,695
" of products of the Orchard,		7,202
" of Wine made,		286
" of home made goods,		53,510
Capital invested in Stores, $274,370, allowing 20 per cent, gross profits		54,914
Value of machinery manufactured,		12,000
" of hardware and Cutlery,		4,200
" of Bricks and Lime,		1,500
" of Woollen goods,		2,300
" of Hats,		11,520
" of Leather manufactured,		43,752
" of Carriages and Wagons,		10,861
" of manufactures of Flour, Grist and Saw Mills,	780,871	
Deduct value of Wheat entered above,	430,095	
		350,776
Value of Houses built,		7,595
" of Manufactures not enumerated,		64,150
	Dolls.	1,685,458 25

In addition to this amount, it appears that there were in the county 7,627 horses and mules, 25,620 neat cattle, 31,503 sheep, 38,941 swine: from which the sales of cattle and swine were probably sufficient to make the aggregate productions of Loudoun amount to more than two millions of dollars. It is true that a large proportion of this amount was consumed in the county or exchanged for goods from abroad, but there is no doubt the surplus profit was very large, and will bear a comparison with any other agricultural district in the Union.

MESSRS EDITORS:—I have read in the last Free Press an editorial notice of a surgical operation, recently performed by Dr. STRAITH, on the eyes of a negro man, at my house. The man is upwards of 50 years of age (the age you state;) I am confident he is at least seventy—he is not my property—he has a wife at my house, where he has lived since his blindness disabled him from working about—some time in November last. His vision is not perfectly restored, but it is sufficiently so for all the common purposes of life; from a state, to him, of hopeless despair, he has been relieved, and is now cheerful, and appears to be quite happy.

At the invitation of Dr. Straith, Dr. Alexander was present, consulting and aiding in the operation.

The operation was a favor done to me, as well as the old man, for which I tender to both gentlemen my thanks.

THOMAS GRIGGS.

Sept 10, 1846

GEN GAINES.—The Portsmouth (Va.) News states that on Saturday, Maj Gen. GAINES received, through the Adjutant General, orders from the War Department to take command of the Eastern Division, fixing his headquarters either at New York, Philadelphia, or Troy; that the General has selected New York as the most important point, and on Monday afternoon set out from Norfolk for the post assigned him.

ALEXANDRIA RETROCEDED.

The question of Retrocession was finally settled on the 1st and 2nd instant, by a vote of the citizens of the town and county of Alexandria. The vote stood—

For Retrocession	763
Against "	222
Majority	541

We welcome into the "Old Dominion" this former branch of the Old Commonwealth, and rejoice to find so much of the "mother feeling" evinced by the voters. The Gazette in noticing the result says:

"As soon as fair copies of the poll books are made out, under the direction of the Commissioners for taking the vote, one is to be sent to the President of the United States, another to the Governor of Virginia, and the third is to be deposited in the Clerk's Office of the County.—Immediately after the receipt of the official vote, the President will issue his Proclamation announcing the fact, and give public notice of the change that has taken place."

The present judicial system will operate until the Legislature of Virginia shall create a circuit, and otherwise provide for the administration of justice.

The following letter from a friend, written, as it will be seen, under the feelings of enthusiasm prevailing at the moment of victory, gives an idea of the hopes and prospects now before the people of Alexandria. There can be no doubt that in many respects retrocession will be decidedly advantageous. The good old city will no longer be in the condition of a step-child, doomed to know nothing of parental care except an occasional infliction of the rod. Her commerce will be at least aided by the facilities granted to other business towns, and she will again become a market for much of the trade which a restrictive policy in reference to her currency had driven away from her.

RETROCESSION TRIUMPHANT! ALEXANDRIA REDEEMED! Maj. 500!!

Half past 2 o'clock, Sept. 2.

I have only time before the closing of the mail to communicate the glorious result indicated in the caption of this letter. Again we are constituted a 'part and parcel' of the good 'Old Commonwealth of Virginia'—entitled to participate in all her rights and in all the privileges of Freemen—Liberated as we are from more than Egyptian bondage through the omnipotent power of the ballot box.

We, the people, have spoken, and our voice must be heard! By a most decisive and overwhelming majority we have declared our preference for the fostering and parental care of our "good old mother," and return to her (mutilated and scarred by the hand of oppression) with all the noble and chivalrous feeling characteristic of her gallant sons.—Desperate indeed, has been the conflict through which we have passed, and powerful the resistance against which we have had to contend. Hireling office-holders, (whose very bread depended upon the result) have employed every means to defeat this great measure, which duplicity could invent or beggarly meanness suggest. Taxes! Taxes!! Imprisonment for Debt! and a thousand exaggerated statements as to the oppressiveness of Virginia Law, have been mouthed and circulated through every sewer and 'red curtain' doggery within the bounds of the city. But all their efforts have alike proved abortive. The same spirit which lived and burned within the bosoms of our revolutionary sires, animated the hearts of our people, and they have declared in a voice not to be misunderstood,

"That they know their rights and dare maintain them."

The question of Retrocession, as you are aware, has been agitated for many years. Many of those who devoted to its progress their time, talents and energies, are now numbered with the dead;—but their influence survives, and the sentiments and opinions entertained by them, have at last prevailed, and we stand before the world a free and independent people—politically redeemed and disenthralled.

It is not for us to speculate upon the probable effect of this great measure. We leave this for the future developments of time. That Alexandria is to be socially, politically and commercially benefited by retrocession of opinion which is emphatically the true prerogative of liberty. We cannot expect trade and commerce to flow in upon us as by magic; to anticipate such a result, would be chimerical in the extreme; but we have the right to expect that the dormant energies of the people, long depressed and paralyzed by indiscreet and oppressive legislation, will be revived under the genial influence of Virginia policy—that a spirit of enterprize will be excited, resulting in the establishment of Factories, Works of Internal Improvement, and all those appliances of trade so essentially necessary to the existence of permanent prosperity.

In conclusion, permit me to remark, that we come to you a gallant band of Coon Skin Whigs! Yes, sir! we desire to be marched into line, ready to do battle in our country's cause; and when the proper time arrives, we promise you that the same spirit which enabled us to triumph in this great struggle, will prompt us to assist in removing from the escutcheon of our State, that dark pall of Locofocoism in which she has been so long enshrouded. Then, sir, we shall adopt the very expressive motto of the glorious old Commonwealth,

SIC SEMPER TYRANNIS.

GEORGETOWN FLOUR TRADE.

The receipts of Georgetown Flour at Boston during 1845-46, were 26,532 lbs. against 16,857 in 1844-45.

We are gratified to find so great an increase in the trade of our staple article with Boston in so short a space of time.—*Georgetown Ala.*

The market for Flour in Massachusetts is better than the whole of Great Britain. Is it not time the farmers should realize some of the advantages predicted for them from the repeal of the British Corn Laws?

Telegraph to New Orleans.

D. Bravo, Esq, the enterprising proprietor of the Commercial News Rooms at New Orleans, is now in consultation with the proprietors of the Telegraph line, to have it extended to New Orleans. A few days since he was in Baltimore, and is now in New York, where he hopes to make the necessary arrangements for a liberal portion of the subscription to the stock which must be created to put it in successful operation.

THE REV. JAMES D MCCABE.—We observe by the Philadelphia papers that the gentleman whose name appears above, has been appointed to deliver an oration at the dedication of the new Odd Fellows' Hall, on Sixth Street, Philadelphia. The ceremony is to take place on the 17th of this month, when, we have no doubt Dr. McCabe will acquit himself with credit.—*Rich. Rep.*

A more eloquent and impressive speaker than Dr. McCabe could not have been selected, and it will be well worth a jaunt to the Cluster city to hear the Oration.

THE PRESIDENT.—We have had an arrival lately, not of the high functionary of this name, but of a far more useful instrument of public comfort—we mean Commander MAGALIS's Locomotive President," in high order for the Fall business upon our Railroad. This large Locomotive has undergone a thorough overhauling at the manufactory of William Norris in Philadelphia, and she has been renovated in "tip-top" style, and is now among the best engines in the country.

It pleases the eye of a good mechanic to see a piece of work like the President—and it must be gratifying to find the head of the Company taking such energetic means to provide for the increasing trade upon our Road. The skilful workmen in the Company's shops are also busily engaged in keeping the other engines in proper working order.

Winchester Republican.

Counterfeit Notes.

The Rockingham Register notices the arrest of two persons in that place, citizens of Augusta county, for passing counterfeit money. The counterfeits were of the denomination of $20, on the Bank of the Valley, and are said to be well calculated to deceive the unsuspecting.—The Register does not give any description of the note, or where made payable, but it would be well enough to be on the alert.

P. S. We understand from a gentleman who has just returned from Western Virginia, that these notes are payable at the Charlestown branch, and are clumsy imitations, except the signatures and filling up. It is not likely they will be put in circulation in this quarter. Some portions of Western Virginia have long been infested with counterfeiters, who not only try their hand upon notes, but upon coin also.

Capt. Mason's Company in Service.

We learn from the Baltimore Sun that the brig Saldana left Baltimore on Saturday last, carrying out the following troops from Fort McHenry, under the command of Captain S. T. Mason, viz: Company F, 76 non-commissioned officers and privates. Officers, Captain S. T. Mason: 1st Lieut. Andrew Porter; 2d Lieut. T. G. Rhett; Brevet 2d Lieut. James Stuart. Detachment of Company C. Mounted Rangers, 45 non-commissioned officers and privates, Officers, Lieut. George McLane; Brevet 2d Lieut. Dabney S. Maury. Should this detachment arrive in time to participate in the next battle, we have no doubt but that we will hear of gallant achievements that will be worthy of the valiant Walker, who, we understand, is to command the regiment of which they will form a part.

There were some dozen of the young men of Capt. Mason's company, who enlisted in this place.

Daguerreotype Likenesses.

Mr. Plumbe is now engaged in taking Photographic Likenesses at the Court House, in this place, affording an excellent opportunity to those who have never yet secured a correct likeness of themselves, to do so now. Mr. P. is extensively engaged in this business, having offices in all the principal cities of the Union. His pictures are universally considered the most perfect specimens of the art ever produced—as an evidence of which, he received a gold medal at the National Fair. Mr. P. will only remain a few weeks, and those who design giving him a "sitting" should do so at an early day.

Some of the specimens, of well known persons at Winchester, will show the power of the artist's instrument, and his great skill in the business.

GATLING'S PATENT WHEAT DRILL.

Farmers may do well to give attention to Gatling's Patent Wheat Drill, which may be seen at the Hotel of Mr. Sappington. The saving extimated upon this plan of sowing wheat seems to be very great, and the statements which are furnished in the bills in support of this position are numerous and striking.

We have seen, in a neighboring county, a field sown on this plan, and the appearance in the spring was beautiful and truly promising. Among the reasons given in favor of the drilling system, it is stated by a gentleman of Lord Macartney's Embassy to China, that the saving of seed alone in China, (where the ground is sufficient to maintain all the subjects of Great Britain.

A Bold Game.

In the Philadelphia North American we find the following exposure of a bold attempt to continue the barefaced imposture by which the Locofoco leaders deceived and misled the people of Pennsylvania in 1844:

"In Schuylkill county and generally in the coal and iron districts of our State, they are now busily circulating reports, that Mr. Polk did not sign the Free Trade Tariff Bill, but that it was passed *by a coalition of Whigs and Southern Free Traders*, under the head of Messrs. Webster and Calhoun, who, from a common enmity to Mr. Polk, united together to pass this bill and bring his administration into disrepute."

Gen. Taylor an LL. D.

The Portsmouth New Era says that since the battles of the 8th and 9th of May, General Taylor has had LL. D. attached to his name by one of the Southern Colleges

Whether it be correct or not, there can be no doubt that he is as worthy of it, as Gen. Jackson, if the Richmond Enquirer was correct in saying as it did in 1824, that "Gen. Jackson could not construe the plain provisions of a single law" in the statue book!

A Loco Prediction.

The N. Y. Evening Post, (Loco) predicts, that in less than three years, there will be another overhauling of "the exorbitant and fragrant exactions" of the Tariff. This is highly complimentary language, says the Richmond Whig, to be applied to a Tariff law which the Union tells us was made to stand." We incline to the opinion that the Post's predictions will be, to a certain extent, verified—but it will be to increase the duties, not to reduce them.

EARTHQUAKES.—The first great earthquake on record occured in 373, B. C. when the ancient cities of Helice and Bura were destroyed. The former was one of the chief cities of Achaia. In 115 A. D., Antioch was destroyed; 1147, Catania swallowed up; 1692, Jamaica suffered; many of the inhabitants swallowed up by rents in the earth.—Three-quarters of the houses of Port Royal sunk with the tenants under water. 1693, Catinia levelled to the ground with 49 other places, and 100,000 lives sacrificed. 1746, Lina destroyed. 1755, Lisbon—60 000 persons perished in *six minutes!* This shock was felt over nearly all Europe—in the north of Africa, in the Atlantic, and even in the West Indies. Near Morocco the earth opened and closed over 10 000 human beings. In 1783, the fearful earthquake of Calabria happened, which destroyed 40 000 persons. In 1811 South Carolina and the Valley of the Mississippi were visited.—10,000 persons perished in Carracas in 1812. But the earthquakes which we think most worthy of notice in our world's history, are the moral earthquakes, which convulse the hearts of nations—the vibrations of the human mind—the rumbling thunder of enlightened public opinion—the spread of knowledge which, springs the minds of intelligence beneath the ancient edifices of superstition and tyranny, to apply them to their lowest foundations. Roll on, oh humanity, the Earthquake of Reform.

CHINESE PROVERBS.—In company set a guard upon your tongue: in solitude upon your heart.

Though the ways of virtue are rough and craggy, yet they reach to heaven.

THE CONVENTION QUESTION.

Since the recent failure of the Staunton Reform Convention, the deferring of this question until after the census of 1850, seems to meet with favor from the Western journals of the State. The Western Members in the Legislature last winter thought the further agitation of the question should cease until that time, and most probably this idea will be generally acquiesced in. The Kanawha Republican, a strenuous friend of Reform, says: "For various reasons, we are convinced that it is best for the West that the decision of the question should be postponed till after the next census."

THE "BOOT ON THE OTHER FOOT."

The Richmond Whig gives the editor of the Washington Union a deserved "rap over the knuckles," for his cries of "Whig Committee at work at the Capitol, &c." The Whig says: When the Washington Union, a few days since, complained so bitterly of the "organization" of the Whigs, and of their franking a large number of documents among the people, was it not aware that its own friends were engaged in the same work? And did it intend, by the old artifice of crying "Stop Thief!" to avert suspicion from the acts of its own party, by accusing its opponents in advance? The Washington correspondent of the New York Express writes, on the 27th ult, as follows: "I looked into the Capitol yesterday and the day previous, and found the folders busy at work, folding Locofoco speeches. They were doing all this with government paper, in government time, and with government materials" Why does not the Union tell its readers of these things? Or does it claim a monopoly in the time of the Congressional folders, and in the paper "prepared and paid for by Congress," for the use of its own party?

News of Epes.

The last Lynchburg Republican states that a letter has been received dated at New Orleans, from Capt. Talbot, one of the police of that town, who has pursued Epes, stating that he had received satisfactory information that Epes had continued his route to Galveston, Texas, under the assumed name of B. Davis, of N. Carolina,—the name which he bore in Lynchburg. Capt. T. not despairing of finally arresting him, was to leave the day after the date of his letter, for Galveston, in pursuit.

HAMPSHIRE SUPERIOR COURT.

The Fall term of this Court is to be commenced to-day. It is the second court in the Circuit of Judge Douglass. The term for Berkeley will begin on the 27th of September, and that for Jefferson on the 18th of October.

SHOEMAKERS AND THE TARIFF.

A writer in the Baltimore Patriot gives some pithy paragraphs, suiting the different branches of American industry, showing the deleterious effects of the new Tariff Bill. In one of them he says: The *Boot* and *Shoe Makers* have not sufficient protection under the new British tariff law at 30 per cent. ad valorem. The price of men's bootees and shoes, is so very low in Germany, where labor is very cheap, that they can be imported from there to sell here in competition to our own manufactures. The duty on bootees, shoes and slippers, under the law of 1842, was so high, that the importation of them was prohibited; but *now*, we shall see large importations of German bootees for men and women, of leather, lastings &c., [illegible] paying the duty of 30 per centum ad valorem, and consequently lessen the demand for the American manufactured article.

MATAMORAS—POINT ISABEL.

Some apprehensions are expressed in letters, that these points may be left exposed and in danger of falling into the hands of the enemy whilst Gen. Taylor is gone upon his conquering expedition to Monterey. We can hardly believe that this experienced officer would be guilty of the unmilitary movement of leaving his points of supply in a defenceless condition. Such a course would eventually prove destructive to his whole army.—He has doubtless left troops enough at these places to maintain their ground against any force within the control of Mexico.

IMPORTANT RUMOR.

Peace with Mexico—Terms Settled with Santa Anna at Havana.

A correspondent of the New York Tribune, writing from Havana under date of Aug. 16, says that an agreement had taken place between Santa Anna and certain agents of the British and American governments, concerning the future destiny of Mexico. The arrangement is said to be as follows:

"The Mexican Federal Government of 1824 to be re-established under the guaranty of the United States; so that in case of future pronunciamentos, the U. States Government shall have a right to interfere in support of the Constitutional Government. The Rio Grande to be the boundary line and the Californias to be organized as a distinct Territory, under the protection of the United States, but [illegible] governed by Americans until the in[illegible] shall think fit to annex themselves, to favor which purpose the country will be allowed to carry on a free trade with both Republics, and admit colonists from all countries, and of all religions and creeds!"

FROM SANTA FE.

The latest accounts from Santa Fe state that there are 7,000 Mexican troops ready to meet Gen. Kearney. We are very much inclined to doubt the correctness of the number.

☞ The death of Professor DEW, noticed in the foreign news, will be found to be a serious loss to old William and Mary—and the event is one which will inflict distress upon a numerous circle of friends. It will be remembered that this gentleman was married only in June last to an estimable lady of Clarke county.

Great Freshet.

We are informed by the Raleigh Register that on the 27th and 28th ultimo, there was the highest freshet in Cape Fear river since the freshet of 1840. Great damage has no doubt been done to Mills and other property, and a general destruction of all river crops. This, it says, destroys the second and third plantings of corn this year.

There are petitions circulating in Ohio to be presented to the Legislature, praying that a law be passed for the sale of all the public works of that State.

☞ A white man named Philips, a convict in the Virginia Penitentiary, made his escape from the guard whilst engaged in working at the new Court-house in Richmond.

ADVANCE IN BREADSTUFFS

The Baltimore American of Tuesday says:—The last steamer from England, brought out orders for the purchase of Flour, Wheat, and Indian Corn and Meal—based on the alleged shortness of the potato crop and the effects of unfavorable harvesting weather in England. Prices have advanced in the New York market, and are likely to be correspondingly effected here.

☞ It will be seen, by the Report of Monday's market, that since the receipt of the news some ten thousand barrels of Flour have been sold in Baltimore.

BREAD STUFFS.—The New York Express of Saturday, P. M. says:

"The news from Europe has had a very sudden effect on Flour and Grain. As soon as the letters were received, fresh orders appeared in the market, for both Flour, Wheat and Corn. Upwards of fifteen thousand barrels of Flour have also been taken for shipment to England, at $4.37½, and even $4.44 for Michigan and Gennessee. This is a rise, in two days, of 25 cents. There have been large purchases of Wheat and Corn, at an advance of 5 cents on the former, and 3 for the latter. This advance is occasioned by the accounts of bad weather in England, and fresh orders for exports."

INDIAN CORN.—Very large orders for Indian Corn are said to have been sent out from England to this country by the last steamer, the Britannia. Orders to the same purport have also been sent to the Mediterranean. They are intended for the supply of Ireland.

LATE FROM EUROPE.

The steamship BRITANNIA arrived at Boston on Thursday, with accounts half a month later from Europe, and bringing as one of her passengers Mr. MCLANE, our late Minister to Great Britain.

We subjoin the telegraphic report of her news, as we find it in the Eastern newspapers. It is of consequence only as showing—what was confidently foretold by the Whigs—that the late act of an American Congress, which has so materially depressed the spirits of our own manufactures, has had the directly opposite effect in England, of inspiring joy and gladness in the breasts of our greatest manufacturing rivals.

LIVERPOOL, AUGUST 4.

The Cotton market has been in a quiescent state. The sales on the 18th, at Liverpool, were estimated at 6,000 bales The market closed dull. In the manufacturing districts business is by no means active. However, the news recently received from the United States will give a new impetus to trade.

The Money Market is easy, and for business cash can be had very readily.

The Produce Markets are tolerably active, both as regards the home and export trade.

Indian Corn has risen to 32s. per quarter. [The advance, we believe, is about one shilling] The accounts of the potato crop continue to be disastrous, and are unabounded. The new Papal Tariff makes great reductions on woollen manufactures, cotton goods, sugar, and coffee.

The Cobden testimonial has reached $65,000.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—The destitution in Ireland occupied the House of Commons on Monday. A sum has been appropriated for the employment of the poor in Ireland.

EFFECTS OF THE AMERICAN TARIFF IN ENGLAND.—Several markets have experienced the effects of the liberal tariff which goes into operation in the United States on the 1st of December. Iron has already advanced in price, and the woollen manufactures of Yorkshire are firm and improving.

FRANCE.—The French elections have terminated, and great has been the success of the Guizot Ministry. The majority in the new Chamber is expected to be *one hundred*, and it may possibly exceed that number.

THE OCEAN RACE.—The steamer Cambria arrived out in ten days and sixteen hours from Boston, and the Great Britain made her passage from New York to Liverpool in thirteen days and eight hours. She was detained at sea eighteen hours in repairing her driving chain.

FURTHER FOREIGN NEWS.

Professor Dew of William and Mary College, Virginia, died in Paris a few days previous to the sailing of the Britannia. He arrived in that city only the day before his death.

Among the passengers in the Britannia, are S. Lover, Esq., the celebrated novelist, and S. Cunard, Esq., the proprietor of the Cunard Line of steamers.

The new iron steamer Sarah Sands, built in Liverpool for Captain Sands, of New York was launched on the 11th ult.

The anticipated almost total failure of the potato crop in England, Ireland, and Scotland, has caused the price of Indian Corn to rise from 25s. to 32s. a quarter during the last three weeks.—The quantity in the Mediterranean is said to be very small. It is expected that America will be enabled to reap a golden harvest in the sale of this article in England.

☞ The New York papers announce the death of Walter Bowne, Esq., formerly Mayor of that City and a distinguished politician.

ICE FOR THE PARISIANS.—The ship Amazon will sail in a few days from Boston, with a cargo of Wenham Lake ice, for Havre.

☞ Joshua Vansant, Esq has been nominated by the Locos of Baltimore for the State Senate.

☞ The Hon. Ephraim H. Foster declines running as the Whig candidate for Governor of Tennessee, at the ensuing election.

☞ A disgraceful row took place in Moyamensing, Pa., on the night of the 7th, between some whites and negroes, in which several negro men were severely stabbed.

EATON, THE PEDESTRIAN.—This old man, though 70 years of age, completed the task on Wednesday week, of walking 1000 miles in 1000 consecutive hours.

☞ Mr. Pakenham, the British Minister, is on a visit to Mr. Webster, at Marshfield, Mass.

The new Constitution which was submitted to the vote of the people in Missouri, has been rejected by a decisive majority.

The new Constitution of Iowa has been adopted.

THE WEATHER.

In New York on Saturday the thermometer stood at 88° to 90° On Sunday it rose to 94° in the shade.

In Philadelphia, on Saturday, they had 93° in the shade, and on Sunday 96°.

In Baltimore, on Saturday, 88° to 90°. On Sunday 92°. On Monday, the highest range was 86°.

☞ The Regents of the "Smithsonian Institute" met in Washington on Monday, but as yet have done nothing of importance. They sit with closed doors.

☞ The Portsmouth and Roanoke Rail Road was sold at auction on Friday last. It was bid off by the agent of the Board of Public Works, in behalf of the State of Virginia, for $60,000.

THE MARKETS.

Office of the Baltimore American,
Sept. 7, 5, P. M.

Prices ranged at $2a$2,75 per 100 lbs on the hoof, equal to $4a$5,25 net, and averaging about $2,37½ gross.

HOGS.—Sales of live Hogs were made in the last few days at $5,50a$5,75.

FLOUR.—Since the publication of our last review a better demand has sprung for Howard st. Flour and prices have advanced. There were sales on Saturday of 600 bbls. at $3,81½ and $3,87½; and a sale of 500 bbls. late in the evening at $4. To-day there have been several parcels to the extent of 1500 bbls. at $4. The receipt price from cars is unsettled.

On Saturday last there were sales of City Mills Flour, to the extent of 3,000 bbls. at $4. To day 1,400 bbls. were sold at $4, and 1,600 bbls. at $4,12½.

GRAIN.—The price of Wheat has also improved, the advance to-day being 5 or 6 cents per bushel. The supply of Maryland Wheat is small, and sales were made at 80a86 cents for good to prime reds, and 60a80 cents for ordinary to good. A sale of Maryland family flour white, old crop, at 114 cents. We note a sale of prime Penna. red at 86 cts; another at 88 cts, and two at 89 cents,—the latter being mixed with white,—and a lot of Penna. white, not fit for family flour, at 91 cents.

Sales of Penna. Rye at 68 cts.

Corn has also improved. Sales to-day at 49 a50 cts. for white, and 51a53 cts. for yellow.

There is less demand for Oats, and the price has receded to 30 cts.—sales.

WHISKEY.—Sales are making at 21 cts. for hhds. and 22 cts. for bbls, with an occasional lot at 22½ cts.

MARRIED.

On the Bridge, at Harpers-Ferry, on Monday evening the 7th instant, by the Rev. Nelson Head, Mr. DAVID LLOYD to Miss NANCY JANE SMALLWOOD, both of Clarke county.

At Harpers-Ferry, on Thursday evening the 3d instant, by the Rev. Nelson Head, Mr. DANIEL J. YOUNG to Miss MARY D. BUTT, eldest daughter of Mr. Zadock Butt, all of Harpers-Ferry.

In Williamsport, Md., on Wednesday the 10th ult., by the Rev. Robert Wilson, Mr. DAVID BOYER, to Miss ANN M., daughter of Mr. Henry Bigham, both of Martinsburg.

On Thursday evening week, at the Eagle Hotel in Martinsburg, by the Rev. Wm. H. Coffin, Capt. JOHN WIGLE to Miss NANCY MYERS, daughter of Mr. John Myers, all of Berkeley county.

On the 27th ult., by the Rev James Walls, Mr. THOMAS S. BAKER to Miss ELIZABETH C. DIFFENDERFER, all of Winchester.

On Tuesday, 1st September, by the Rev. B. H. Benton, Mr. LEONIDAS H. CARTER to Miss LOUISA F. CARTER, all of Loudoun county.

On the 2d inst. by the Rev. GILES F. COOK, Mr. [illegible] of this county,) to Miss FRANCES C. FORTH—both of Randolph county, Missouri.

DIED.

On the 2d instant, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, infant son of Benjamin and MARY Ann Rodrick, aged three months and twenty-five days.

In Winchester, on Thursday 27th ult., [illegible] COCHRAN, aged about 57 years.

On the 12th ult. at the residence of her son, Col. Charles B. Waggoner, near Pt. Pleasant, Mason county, Va., Mrs. ATARAH WAGGONER, wife of Maj. Andrew Waggoner, in the 62d year of her age, formerly of Berkeley county.

At Shepherdstown, on Monday the 24th ult. Mrs. ELIZABETH COOKUS, wife of Mr. Michael Cookus, aged 49 years.

"Yet again we hope to meet thee,
When the day of life is fled,
Then in Heaven with joy to greet thee,
Where no farewell-tear is shed."

From the Glasgow (Mo.) News.

DIED—On the 19th ult. at the City Hotel, in Boonville, Missouri, Mr. JAMES C. MITCHELL, late of Clarke county, Va., in the 22d year of his age.

Sad, sad indeed is the reflection, that one so young, so promising, so highly flattered with every prospect of longevity, should be called so suddenly to try the realities of another world. The subject of this notice left at the home of his nativity, a kind widowed mother, an affectionate brother, and two sisters, in April last, and came to this state to try his fortune among strangers: But alas, four short months had scarcely performed their revolutions, when he was compelled to languish for a time among strangers, and to perish, derelict and forlorn, destitute of those consolations which assuage the agony of the closing scenes of existence, where philosophy affords no balm, and where no kind or pious hand was present to apply the lenitive of religion.

No friends were nigh, no kind domestic tear,
Pleased thy pale ghost, or graced thy mournful bier,
By stranger's hands thy dying eyes were closed,
By stranger's hands thy decent limbs composed,
By stranger's hands thy humble grave adorned,
By strangers honored, and by strangers mourned.

Notices.

☞ The Second Quarterly Meeting will take place in the Methodist Episcopal Church at Harpers-Ferry, on Friday evening the 11th inst, under the superintendence of the Rev. JOH

FREE EXHIBITION.

Plumbe Naval Daguerrian Gallery and Photographic Depots,

ESTABLISHED in 1840, and awarded the Gold and Silver Medals, Four First Premiums, and the Two Highest Honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, for the most splendid colored Deguerreotypes, and best apparatus ever exhibited.

At the Court House, Charlestown, for a few days.

205 Baltimore street, Baltimore, adjoining Campbell's Jewelry Store.
Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington city.
No 251 Broadway, New York.
75 Court street, Boston.
136 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

☞ PORTRAITS taken in any weather, in exquisite style.

Apparatus, Instructions, and all Materials furnished.

September 10. 1846.

STOCK OF GOODS
FOR SALE.

THE undersigned, as Trustee, under the general assignment recently made by Wm. N. McCoy, for the benefit of his creditors—being so authorized by the deed—offers for sale

THE ENTIRE
Stock of Merchandize

In the Store-house at Harpers-Ferry, recently occupied by said McCoy.

With the Stock of Goods, which will be sold on very advantageous terms, if purchased in gross, the unexpired term of the *Lease of the Store House* can also be had.

The Goods are new and fresh, and with the advantages of the stand for business, on the Corner of Shenandoah and High Streets, Harpers-Ferry—great advantages are offered to any one wishing to engage in the retail business at that place.

Applications can be made to the undersigned, or to Mr. Wm. N. McCoy, at Harpers-Ferry.

ANDREW HUNTER, *Trustee.*

Sept 10, 1846—3t.

Valley Bank Stock for Sale.

12 SHARES of Valley Bank Stock for sale, by J. H. McENDREE.
Sept 10, 1846.

A VALUABLE FARM
At Public Sale.

I WILL sell the Farm belonging to the heirs of Daniel Buckles, dec'd, at public auction, *On Saturday the 10th day of October next,* At Daniel Butler's Tavern in Shepherdstown.

The Farm is about two miles South of Shepherdstown, and contains about

238 Acres prime Limestone Land;

190 Acres cleared, the balance is heavy timbered. The improvements are a comfortable
TWO STORY STONE
Dwelling House,
A large Frame Barn with Shed, Stabling for 15 or 20 Horses, Corn house, Smoke house, Carriage house, and Negro houses, &c., all in good repairs; two never-failing wells of water in the yard;
A GOOD
Apple Orchard
in full bearing of excellent fruit.

This is a very desirable Farm, being in a healthy neighborhood and convenient to market, only 3 miles from the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, and two miles from the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal and one of the most productive farms in this section of country.

Terms of sale—One third of the purchase money to be paid on the 20th day of November, and $1000 to be paid on the 29th day of July, 1847, and the balance in one year after the death of Mrs. Buckles, the widow of the said Daniel Buckles, deceased, with interest to be paid annually from the day of sale, to be secured by deed of trust. The Land possession to be given immediately.

W. SHORTT,
Ex'r of Daniel Buckles, dec'd

Shepherdstown, Sept. 10, 1846—tf

☞ *Baltimore Patriot, Lancaster Examiner,* and *Hagerstown Torch Light,* copy ts and forward bills to adv.

PUBLIC SALE.

IN obedience to a Decree of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, in the suit of Towner vs. Chapline, &c., will be offered at public sale, *on the 14th day of October next,* at the residence of Mrs Ann R. Chapline, near Shepherdstown,

The Life Estate

Of the said Ann R. Chapline, in a Tract of about 175 ACRES of LAND, on which she now resides. Also, her Life Estate in the following personal property, to wit:

12 SLAVES,

Armistead, Harry, Rachel, Mary, Sampel, Thomas, Ceciley, Rachel, Jr., Eliza, Catharine, Preston, and Susan; and all the

Household & Kitchen
FURNITURE,
AND
FARMING UTENSILS,

On the premises, which were conveyed to the undersigned by the said Ann R. Chapline, by a deed of trust dated the 15th of April, 1843.

Terms of Sale:—For the land, one-third cash, the balance in equal instalments of one and two years, with interest from the day of sale, to be secured by bond with personal security, and a deed of trust on the land. For the personal property, all sums under $10 cash; all sums over ten dollars, a credit of six months, the purchaser giving bond with personal security.

HENRY BERRY,
Special Commissioner.

September 10, 1846.

$100 REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living near Kerneysville Depot, Jefferson county, Va., on Tuesday night the 1st instant, a Negro Man named GEORGE MACKEY. He is about 25 years old, about 5 feet 10 inches high, stout made, large whiskers, woolly head, swaggering walk—he sometimes appears pleasant.—He took with him a dark cloth close-bodied coat, nearly new, cassinet pants, white roundabout and pants, and black fur hat.

I will give the above reward for the apprehension of said negro if taken in Maryland or Pennsylvania; or Fifty dollars if taken in Virginia—in all cases to be secured so that I get him again.

SAM'L RUCKLE.

Sept 10, 1846—3t.

Hagerstown Herald 3t and ch adv.

COTTON BAGS.—A large lot Cotton Bags and Bagging, for sale by
KEYES & KEARSLEY.
Sept 10.

Plough Irons.

JUST received, an assortment of Hughes' double refined iron rounds and squares, large and small;
Full assortment Bar and Scollop Iron;
Horse shoe and nail iron; Plough irons;
Double and Single Shovels, &c. all of which will be sold very low for cash.
No other manufacture of iron kept for sale.
F. DUNNINGTON.
Walper's ✕ Roads, Sept 10, 1846

Dry Goods, Low!

FULL assortment of Dry Goods for sale very low!
A large stock of Osnaburgs, duck, bagging, and cotton yarn, &c., which I will sell unusually cheap.
F DUNNINGTON.
Walper's ✕ Roads. Sept 10.

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

A VALUABLE Family Medicine for Consumption, coughs, colds, whooping cough, liver complaint, &c. &c. Just received and for sale by
J H BEARD
Sept 10.

200 BLAK BOTTLES for sale low by
J H BEARD.
Sept 10.

Fire, Fire! Fire!!

PERSONS desiring Insurance against loss or damage by Fire, on Houses, Barns, Mills, Merchandize, Furniture, &c., can have it effected in the FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of Philadelphia, on the lowest terms, by application to
JAMES J MILLER.
Sept 10, 1846—3t

Jefferson Land for Rent.

TO a good tenant, a FARM containing upwards of Two Hundred Acres of Plough Land.

A situation may also be had upon early application, by a man of small family and steady habits, who can do fair carpenter work. For terms, &c apply to the subscriber, near Hillsborough, Loudoun county, Va.
GEORGE BACKHOUSE.
Sept 10, 1846—tf

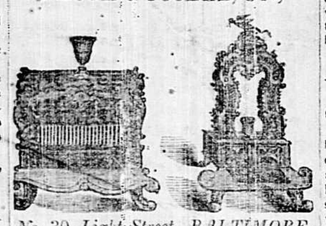
Flaxseed Oil.

1 BARREL Flaxseed Oil for sale by
Sept 10. S H ALLEMONG.

Sheep for Sale.

THE subscribers have on hand and for sale, between THREE & FOUR HUNDRED SHEEP, very superior size and quality of Stock Sheep. Persons desirous of purchasing will do well to call and see them early—one and one-fourth miles above Halltown.
JOHN T. HENKLE,
MILTON MOORE.
Sept 10, 1846

JACOB FUSSELL, Jr.,



No. 30, Light Street, BALTIMORE,

WOULD respectfully call the attention of those wanting articles in his line, to the very extensive assortment which he now has on hand, embracing all the different varieties of

Stoves, Furnaces, and Ranges.

Those represented above are particularly recommended for Parlors, Setting Rooms, &c., one being adapted to wood and the other to Bituminous or Anthracite Coal. They being all cast-iron are rendered very durable, and at the same time more ornamental than anything heretofore gotten up. The price of the wood stove is $14, that of the coal-stove $12.

Also, superior four boiler

Cooking Stoves,

(Kitchen Companions,) with large ovens, and a variety of fixtures particularly adapted to country use, and which should be found in the kitchen of every family, being obtainable by all, from the very moderate price.

The following is a list of prices, including all the apparatus:

No 1, taking	18 inch wood		$13 00
No 2, do	20 do	do	15 00
No 3, do	22 do	do	17 00
No 4, do	24 do	do	20 00
No 5, do	26 do	do	24 00

Also—Air tight Stoves for chambers, &c., at from $5 to $8.

Persons in the country wanting any of the above Stoves, by addressing the subscriber, and enclosing the cash, may depend on having as good an article sent as if they were present.
JACOB FUSSELL, Jr.,
No 30, Light Street, Baltimore.

THE subscriber is purchasing for THOMAS J. DAVIS.
An extra price will be given for an extra article of wheat.
JAMES L. RANSON.
Sept 3, 1846.

Boots, Shoes and Hats.

AN additional supply received and for sale.
Aug 27. WM R SEEVERS.

MOULDBOARDS.—McCormick and Davis pattern, for sale by
Aug 20. *T C Sigafoose.*

Shad & Herring.

JUST received and for sale very low by the barrel or dozen. W. MILLER.
North Bolivar, Aug 20.

1 DOZEN Hamper Baskets, for sale by
Aug 20 *T C Sigafoose.*

Shingles Wanted.

A LOT of Oak Shingles wanted. Inquire at THIS OFFICE.

STRONG Cider Vinegar, for sale by
Aug 27. *Wm R Seevers.*

Lambaugh's Composition,

A CURE for Rheumatism, for sale by
Sept 3. J H BEARD.

ATTENTION.

A New Project! Worthy of Attention.

GREAT inducements for adventurers to enrich themselves! *Sixty Dollars on every one hundred nett!* guaranteed back at the worst luck, by SOUTHGATE & CO., when tickets to the amount of $500 are ordered—the Purchaser may select any Lottery, can take regular packages of tickets, or shares, or a portion of each, or can take promiscuous tickets, and out of as many different packages as may be desired, or any particular Numbers he may fancy to run upon.

Southgate & Co. are the only venders in the Union that ever offered such superior chances to Ticket Buyers. It will be seen we risk more on the guarantee than the purchaser, but we are not the least fearful of the result, as we are confident that among such a vast quantity of tickets there must be drawn several Three number Prizes; and very probably some of the Capitals. If Shares are taken in a $5 scheme, it will give the adventurer Twelve Hundred Numbers! and if in a $24 Lottery, Twice the former number!

On the receipt of $200, we will send the Certificate that cost $500.

Now is the time for Clubs to be formed in this way—the risk, individually, will not be large. For ourselves, we have every confidence in a glorious result of the needful. Let the project be tried. Address,
SOUTHGATE & CO.,
Pennsylvania Avenue.
Washington, D. C., June 18, 1846.

NOTICE.

HAVING purchased the entire interest of Mr. James McDaniel in the concern of J. McDaniel & Co., together with the benches, lasts, and other tools belonging to him, the business of manufacturing BOOTS & SHOES in all its branches, will hereafter be conducted at the stand recently occupied by the firm, in my name, and on my own account. Mr. McDaniel being appointed my Agent in carrying on said business, will give it, as heretofore, his well known skill and industry, so that our old customers shall be accommodated hereafter with the same promptness and fidelity as heretofore.
SAMUEL RIDENOUR.
May 7, (1st.) 1846

To my old Customers.

CIRCUMSTANCES beyond my control having compelled me to adopt a new arrangement for making a living as shown by the above notice, I respectfully make known to my old customers, that so far as they are concerned, they shall lose nothing by the new arrangement, in being served promptly and faithfully, and upon the most accommodating terms.

My compensation as agent, depending upon the success of the business, I respectfully solicit from the public, the same generous patronage heretofore extended to me. Respectfully,
JAMES McDANIEL.
May 7, (1st.) 1846. Agent.

Home-made Tweeds, Linseys and Flannels.

WE have just received a large assortment of 3 4 Tweeds, 6 4 Fulled Linseys, 4 4 Plaid do., and 4 4 White Flannels, which we offer on the most reasonable terms.
Sept 10. CRANE & SADLER.

Stocking Yarns.

COARSE and Fine Stocking Yarn for sale by CRANE & SADLER.
Sept 10.

NOTICE.

NOTES given at the sale of the effects of Craven Trussell and the late C. W. Aisquith, at the Farm lately owned by Daniel Snyder, will be due on the 16th of this month, and prompt payment is confidently expected.

The Notes will be found in the hands of N. S. White. N. S. WHITE.
CRAVEN TRUSSELL.
Sept 3, 1846—*Spirit copy.*

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late Col Geo W. Humphreys, are requested to make immediate payment. Persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them without delay.

A. N. TATE, *Ex'r.*
JOHN HUMPHREYS, } *Ex'rs.*
HUMPHREY KEYES, }
Sept 3, 1846.

NOTICE.

THE Notes given at the sale of the property belonging to the estate of Henry Snyder, dec'd, are now due, and prompt payment will be expected, as it is desirable to close up the concerns of the estate as speedily as possible.
JOHN SNYDER, Sen.,
Ex'r. of H Snyder, dec'd.
Sept 3, 1846—3t

Store Indebtedness.

THERE are a large number of accounts yet open, and bonds that have not been lifted, belonging to the estate of the late Henry Snyder, which it is desired to have settled as early as practicable. Many of the store accounts have been running several years, and it is absolutely necessary that settlement be made forthwith. The books and papers are at the Elk Branch Store. JOHN SNYDER, Sen.,
Sept 3, 1846—3t *Executor.*

NOTICE.

PURCHASERS at the sale of the effects of the late W. Z. Sinclair, are hereby notified that their notes fell due on the 1st of September, and it will be to their interest to make immediate payment.
R. S. BLACKBURN, *Ex'r.*
Sept 3, 1846.

School Books.

AS the schools of our town and county are about to commence their fall sessions, I invite the attention of parents and teachers to my stock of School Books, which comprises every Book in common use, and all at lowest prices.
J J MILLER.
Sept 3.

REMOVAL.

Charlestown Refectory.

THE undersigned has removed from the building recently occupied by him, cross corner from the Bank to the House adjoining the Store of Mr. J. J. Miller, and opposite the Post Office. The patronage so kindly bestowed upon him, has induced a renewed and more vigilant effort to establish a Refectory in Charlestown, worthy the encouragement of her liberal citizens. At his present location (besides many additions that are to be made,) he will continue to keep on hand, at all times, a large and general assortment of

CANDIES, FRUITS, CIGARS,
CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c.,

terms. His candies can be the most reasonable and is warranted to be equal, if not superior, to any ever offered in this market.

On hand, a fresh supply of the very celebrated *Medicated Hoarhound Candy,* which has received the recommendation of the Medical Faculty here, as elsewhere, as a simple and most efficacious remedy for coughs and colds, so frequent at this season of the year.

Cakes will be furnished to families for parties, &c., at the shortest notice, and at prices but little above the first cost of the materials.

The Ladies and Gentlemen of the town are respectfully invited to call at his Establishment, as he will take pleasure in administering to the appetites of the most fastidious.
JOHN F. BLESSGIN.
March 26, 1846.

Hamilton's Preparation of Wild Cherry.

A CERTAIN cure for Dyspepsia, Heartburns, Waterbrash, &c., for sale by
Sept 3. J H BEARD.

FLY BRUSHES.

6 BEAUTIFUL Fly Brushes, made of Peafowl Feathers, for sale by
July 30. J J MILLER.

5 BABRELS No. 1 Herrings, just received and for sale. JNO J LOCK & CO.
July 23

PRESERVED GINGER—For sale by
July 22. J H BEARD.

500 LBS. prime family Bacon, on hand and for sale by
Aug 20. S HEFLEBOWER & CO.

Odds and Ends.

A LARGE lot of Calico Jeans, Stripes, &c. now on counter, to be sold for what they will bring, to make room for an early fall supply.
T C SIGAFOOSE.
Aug 20.

TWILLED Cotton Bags and Bagging, for sale.
Aug 27. *Wm R Seevers.*

Overseer Wanted.

I WISH to employ a sober, honest, industrious, capable man, as an Overseer for the ensuing year.
BUSH. G. WASHINGTON.
Clay Mont, Aug 27 1846

Stolen,

FROM the Camp Ground near Martinsburg, on Wednesday night the 19th instant, a small BAY MARE, about 7 years old, blind of the right eye. No other marks recollected.—Saddle and bridle was taken with her. I will be thankful for any information which will lead to her recovery, and will give a compensation, if required. SIDNEY S. GALLAHER.
Charlestown, Aug. 27.

Bargains, Bargains!

WE would call the attention of our customers and the public generally, to our Stock of Goods, which we are now selling off at reduced prices—many articles at cost—and some greatly below.
CRANE & SADLER.
Aug 27.

Brien's Nails.

50 KEGS assorted, just received by
Aug 20. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

200 TWILLED Cotton Bags, for sale by
Aug 20. T C SIGAFOOSE.

6 KEGS Rock Powder, for sale by
Aug 20. T C SIGAFOOSE.

PRESERVING Furnaces and Kettles, for sale by *Wm R Seevers.*
Aug 27.

Philadelphia Syrup,

A NICE article for table use, for sale by
Aug 20. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

For Farmers.

I HAVE just received a supply of Fulled and Plaid Linseys, Flannels, and Tweeds, &c., which I will sell low or exchange for wool at market prices. J J MILLER.

STOCKING YARN—Coarse Stocking Yarn for servants, for sale by
Sept 3. J J MILLER.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold, at the residence of the late Jonathan Burns, dec'd, *on Thursday the 17th day of September,* the following personal property, to wit:

8 head of Work Horses, 1 Riding Mare,
2 three-year old Colts,
6 Milch Cows, 3 yearling Calves,
29 large Hogs, do. for the pen, 4 sows, 13 shoats,
45 Sheep and Lambs,
13 stands of Bees,
One Corn Barrel,
Two Farm Wagons, 1 Wagon Bed,
1 pair Wood-ladders, 1 one-horse Cart,
1 two-horse Wagon, nearly new,
Wagon and Plough Harness,
One Barouche and Harness, nearly new,
The one-half of a six horse Threshing Machine, (spike,)
1 Wheat Fan, 1 Cutting Box,
1 Wheelbarrow, 1 Sleigh, 1 Harrow,
Four bar-shear Ploughs,
Double and Single do
Mowing Scythes, Cradling Scythes,
Rakes and Forks, 1 Water Car,
25 tons of Timothy Hay.

Household & Kitchen
FURNITURE,

Such as Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding,
Tables, Chairs, 1 Bureau,
One 24 hour Clock, 1 Cupboard,
One Hathaway Cooking Stove,

And all other Kitchen Furniture necessary for a family, and many other articles too tedious to mention.

Terms of Sale.—Nine months credit will be given on all sums of five dollars and upwards, by the purchaser giving note and good security, under that sum the cash will be required. No property to be removed until the terms are complied with.

HARRISON A. ANDERSON, *Adm.*
Sept 3, 1846—*Spirit copy.*

For Sale.

THE subscribers have for sale a stationary Engine and Boiler, of eight horse power, which may readily be run up to ten or twelve horse power. The boiler is 24 feet long and 30 inches in diameter in the clear. Also, a double Saw Mill, of Crosbey's Patent, together with two carriages, Straps, and all the Irons belonging to said Mills, and two Circular Saws, of about 24 inches in diameter, and all the Straps belonging thereto. Also one of Mr. John Wernwag's make of Stavecutter and Jointers—the whole of which will be sold low for cash or good paper.
SCHOFIELD & MAUZY.
Harpers Ferry, Aug. 27, 1846—1m.

FRESH GROCERIES.
Superior Pulverized Sugar,
Green Rio Coffee,
Water Crackers,
Adamantine Candles,
1 Basket superior Salad Oil,
Race Ginger, Long Pepper, Cinnamon, 1 Box Maccaroni, Lewis's Extra White Lead, Flaxseed Oil, Cider Tubs, Painted Buckets, &c., received and for sale by
MILLER & TATE.
Aug. 27, 1846.

GREGORY & CO., MANAGERS.

$50,000.

Alexandria Lottery.
CLASS, D. for 1846.
To be drawn in Alexandria, on Saturday 19th *of September,* 1846.
CAPITALS.

1	Prize of	50 000	Dollars
1	do	20,000	do
1	do	10,000	do
1	do	[illegible]	do
2	do	3,000	do
50	do	1,000	do
50	do	500	do
50	do	400	do
100	do	250	do
198	do	200	do

78 No.—15 Drawn Ballots.
Tickets $15—Halves $7½—Quarters $3,75.
Certificates of packages of 26 wholes $160
Do do 26 halves 80
Do do 26 quarters 40

$30,000
ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY.
Class E, for 1846.
To be drawn in Alexandria, D. C., on Saturday September 26, 1846.
GRAND SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	1 prize of	$3,000
1	10,000	1	2,500
1	6,000	1	2,000
1	3,140	1	1,700

Fifty prizes of 1,000, &c.
&c &c &c
Tickets $10—Halves 5—Quarters 2,50.

For Tickets and Shares, or Certificates of Packages in the above Splendid Lotteries,—address
J. G. GREGORY & CO.,
MANAGERS,
WASHINGTON CITY.

SOUTHGATE & CO.,
UNITED STATES LOTTERY & EXCHANGE OFFICE.
Washington City.

$50,000!
ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY.
Class D, for 1846.
To be drawn in Alexandria, D. C., on Saturday, September 19th, 1846.
BRILLIANT SCHEME!

1	Prize of	50,000	Dollars
1	"	20,000	Dollars
1	"	10,000	Dollars
1	"	5,000	Dollars
1	"	4,277	Dollars
2	"	3 000	Dollars
50	"	1,000	Dollars
50	"	500	Dollars
50	"	400	Dollars
&c.	&c.	&c.	&c.

Tickets $15—Halves $7½—Quarters 3¾.
Certificates of packages in the above, will be issued and sent on the following terms, viz:

26 whole tickets	$160	26 quarters	$40 00
26 halves	80 00	26 eighths	20 00

$30,000!!!
ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY.
Class D, for 1846.
To be drawn in Alexandria, D. C., on Saturday, September 26, 1846.
MAGNIFICENT SCHEME.

1	Splendid prize of	30,000
1	Prize of	10,000
1	do	6 000
1	Prize of	3,140
1	do	3 000
1	do	2,500
1	do	2,000
50	do	1,000

Tickets $10—shares in proportion.

☞ All Orders entrusted to the new Firm of Southgate & Co., will be strictly and confidentially attended to.

Wool Wanted.

WANTED in exchange for Goods, 500 pounds of Wool.
Sept 3. WM S BOCK.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

UNDER and by the authority of a deed of trust executed by William McPherson, and for the purposes of said deed, I will offer for sale, *on Tuesday the 15th day of September next,* at the Union Mills, on the farm upon which said McPherson resides,

All the Farming Utensils

on the said farm. Among these are a
Theshing Machine,
3 Wheat Fans,
1 Patent Cutting Box,
2 Common ditto,
1 Reaping Machine,
4 Broad Wheeled Wagons,
2 Narrow Wheeled Wagons,
1 Ox Cart, 1 Horse Cart,
2 Setts of Blacksmith's Tools,
16 Head of valuable Horses,
3 Colts, Sheep, Cattle, Hogs,
2 Yoke of Oxen,
Ploughs, single, double shovel & barshear,
Harrows, Grain Cradles,
Wagon and Plough Gears,
Fifth Chains and Log Chains,
Hay Ladders,
10,000 *double Cooper Stuff, by the thousand,*
Also, Locust Posts and Chesnut Rails.

—ALSO—

Wheat, Rye, and Oats,

In the stack;
Hay, Timothy and Clover.

At the same time I will also offer for sale, about

70 ACRES OF CORN.

☞ By the acre,—the tallest kind of Corn. ☜

At the same time I will offer FOR RENT, until the first day of July next, the

UNION MILLS.

TERMS OF SALE.—For the Wheat, Rye & Oats, a credit of 60 days; the purchaser giving negotiable note with approved endorsers, payable at the Office Valley Bank, Charlestown, and threshing out the grains immediately. For the Corn six months credit—and the other property nine months credit—in all cases satisfactory security in the bond of the purchaser, and no property to be removed until these terms are complied with.

The rents of the mills to be secured by bond with approved security.

WM. C. WORTHINGTON,
Aug 20, 1846. *Trustee.*

BULLSKIN LAND
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale that portion of his farm lying North of Bullskin Run, and adjoining the Shannondale Ferry,

Containing about 185 Acres

of Land. He will add to it a detatched lot of 15 Acres of Woodland, if it be desired by any one making a purchase of the above land.
J. C. R. TAYLOR.
July 30, 1846—tf—*Spirit copy*

Clarke County Land for sale.

THE undersigned, wishing to dispose of his Farm, situated in Clarke County, Va two and a half miles from Summit Point Depot, on the Winchester and Potomac Rail Road, five miles north of Berryville, offers it at private sale. The farm contains about

150 Acres;

Fifty of which are in good timber. A detailed description is deemed unnecessary—suffice it to say, a great bargain will be given. Possession given on the 1st of January next, or sooner if desired. THOS. W. McCORMICK.
Berryville, June 4, 1846—tf.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

I HAVE just returned from Baltimore and Philadelphia, where I have purchased

A Large Stock of Merchandize,

which I am now opening. My stock embraces every article kept in first class stores. I will name a few, as follows, viz—

Cloths, a very great variety in prices & colors.
Cassinets, a great many pieces, from the lowest to the best,
Vestings, very rich and new style, of every quality,
Flannel, white, red and yellow,
Blankets, a very fine assortment,
Linseys, fulled, striped and plaid,
6 4, 5-4, 4-4, 3 4 brown and bleached cottons,
Cotton drilling and osnaburg,
Check, gingham and bed ticking,
Irish Linen, 6 pieces at different prices,
Mouslin de lains, alpaccas, merino, and many fancy dress patterns for ladies,
Silk, black, blue-black, fancy striped, and figured,
Velvet, silk and tabby plain, and cut,
Silk hdkfs., cravats, stocks,
Jaconet, cambric, bishop and India lawn,
Bobbinet, Swiss muslin, and a great variety fancy cap stuffs,
Bonnet and cap trimmings, neatly assorted,
Shawls, a great variety from from 37c to $10,
Swiss, lisle, lace & thread edgings & insertings,
Calicoes, a very heavy stock,
Wallets, pursues, tapes, thread, buttons, needles,
Whips, brushes, pencils, combs, pins,
Cotton laps, cotton wadding, and candle wick,
Kid, silk, and worsted gloves for ladies, children and men,
Hats, caps, boots and shoes of every quality,
Screws, hinges, files, rasps, cards, currycombs,
Locks, latches, knobs, hand and wood saws,
Knives and forks, scissors, plane bitts,
Faucets, tea and table spoons, tea kettles,
Shovels, coffee mills, shot and powder,
Hatchets, bed screws, chissels, augers, &c. &c.
A good stock of Tin and Wood Ware.
Coffee, New Orleans, and Porto Rico Sugar,
Bacon, ham, shoulder and side, rice, cheese,
New Orleans and sugarhouse molasses,
Tobacco, segars and snuff, Imp., Y. H., blk tea,
Pepper, allspice, cinnamon, cloves and nutmegs,
Raisins, ginger, mustard, and saleratus,
Indigo, starch, candles, coarse and fine salt,
Soda, butter and water crackers,
Herring, shad and mackarel,
Sperm, fish and linseed oil,
White and red lead, and other paint stuffs,
Window glass, several boxes,
A very fine assortment of QUEENSWARE,
Castings, rope, &c.

I cannot enumerate more than a few of the many articles which comprise my large, carefully and tastefully selected stock, which I have bought on the best terms; and which I shall sell at very small profits, as my expenses are not great, and my desire is strong, to merit and obtain a liberal share of the patronage of a generous and enlightened community. My most unremitting attention shall be given to my business, so that those who may favor me with a share of their custom, may be well assured that no effort will be spared by me to make their patronage merited.

My stand is where my brother R. D. Doran formerly kept, and my stock contains every article kept by him, in addition to many others which my experience, in common with his, has told me were necessary to make the establishment attractive.

The variety of my stock, and the prices at which I shall sell, I am determined to have unequalled. I shall be glad to see *old friends* and the public at large. Call and examine my stock. I flatter myself it is competent to please the most fastidious. The public's servant,
MICHAEL DORAN,
Aug 20, 1846—tf—*Spirit copy.*

Splendid Segars.

I HAVE the pleasure to inform those who smoke, that I have just received a supply of very *superior imported* Segars, fully equal to any thing ever offered in this market. Also, super Chewing Tobacco. I invite all to an examination of the same. J J MILLER.

GARRETT'S Scotch Snuff—A genuine article, just received and for sale by
Sept 3. J J MILLER.

MEMORY.—The person who borrowed my Wrench Hammer will please remember that it should have been returned two months ago.
Sept 3. J H BEARD.

A VALUABLE FARM
(NEAR WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA,)
FOR SALE.

BY the will of the late W. Strother Jones, his executors are directed to sell that portion of the "Vaucluse Farm" called the "VANCE TRACT," lying on the Valley Turnpike Road, about 2 miles South of Newtown, and about 10 miles from Winchester, the chief market town of the Valley of Virginia.

The Tract contains

400 Acres of Good Limestone Land,

One-third of which is in Timber, (oak, walnut and hickory.) It has been judiciously cleared, so that the Woodland is very convenient to the rest of the Farm. The cleared land is in fine farming order, the greater part of it being free from rocks, briars and sprouts, and most of the fields being well set in clover and orchard grass. The fencing is inferior perhaps to none in the valley, and the shape, location and general arrangement of the farm will compare advantageously with any other.—The buildings are indifferent, (except the barn) but are beautifully situated in a fine grove, in the centre of the tract commanding a view of every field. A young *orchard of choice Apple Trees* is growing near the house. Water is supplied by a well, which never failed before the unusual drought of 1845, and by a number of ponds which furnished an abundance of water even then. Churches and schools, mills, factories, stores and mechanics of all sorts, abound in the vicinity, the neighborhood being thickly settled by a thrifty, industrious and orderly population. The tract will bear division into two farms, each having good outlets and a due proportion of timber.

We prefer selling privately, and will be glad to receive offers, but if not sooner disposed of (which will be seen by the withdrawal of the advertisement) we shall sell it up at public auction on the premises, *on Saturday the 19th day of September next.* The terms will be easy and accommodating. Apply to W. S. Jones, near the farm, or to D. W. Barton, Winchester.

D. W. BARTON,
W. S. JONES,
Executors of W. S. Jones, dec'd.
July 23, 1846.—8w.

PRIVATE SALE.

About 113 or 114 Acres of Land,

IS offered at private sale, within 1½ miles of the Potomac Mills, 4 miles from the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and 1½ miles from the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. One third is good TIMBER. The improvements consist of a

NEW TWO STORY
Log Dwelling House,

with cellars, and a good log barn with stabling for eight horses. Also, corn-house, wagon shed, carriage-house, ice-house, smoke house, with a cellar under it

A YOUNG ORCHARD
OF
APPLE & PEACH TREES;

Also—A large cistern and never-failing well of water at the door; also, a large pool that supplies all the stock on the farm, with access from every field, which are seven in number, and all the fields have gates well fixed.

The Farm is well enclosed, and is, altogether, one of the most desirable in the county.

Any person wishing to purchase will please call and see me, as proprietor of the farm, and not let any person keep or stop them from doing the same.

The payments required will be $4,000 on the first day of April, 1847. The balance in two equal annual payments, with interest from the first day of April, 1847.

Possession given on the first payment.
July 2, 1846—tf SAMUEL HESS.

REAL ESTATE
PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale this desirable estate, situated 3½ miles from Charlestown, 5 from Harpers-Ferry and 1 mile from the Smithfield and Ferry Turnpike, bounding on the Winchester and Potomac Rail Road, and

Containing about 530 Acres,

The cleared land lies compact and nearly in a square; the timber contiguous. This has justly been considered one of the *most desirable Farms* in the county of Jefferson, as regards location, fertility, and exemption from broken or waste land, every field being accessible to running water. There is a never-failing well of good water in one of the back fields, and several fine springs contiguous to the buildings.

The improvements consist of a comfortable

Stone Dwelling House,

STONE STABLE, STONE SMOKE HOUSE, with cement floor, Stone Dairy, with cement floor, Stone Stable and Carriage-house, (stabling for 2[illegible] super), Corn-crib with Grater for servants, blacksmith shop, new,) Quarter Shops, Bath-house, Ice-house, and a never-failing large ice-pond of spring water in the meadow. There have been a large number of choice Fruit Trees of every variety set out within the last few years and beginning to bear.

Any one desiring further information can address the subscriber on the premises, near Halltown, Jefferson county, Va.
LEWIS W. WASHINGTON.
Dec 12, 1844—tf.

P. S. The taxes on the above Land for 1845, only amount to $20.82, which is an inducement to capitalists of other States to purchase. L. W. W.
May 22, 1845.

Trustee's Sale
OF
VALUABLE LAND.

UNDER and by virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to the undersigned, as Trustees, by Henry Rowland, dated the 13th day of July, 1841, and admitted to record in the County Court of Jefferson County, we will offer for sale, at public auction, before the door of the Court-house of Jefferson County, *on FRIDAY the 23d day of October next,* some

Very valuable Lots or Parcels of Land,

Situate in Jefferson County, on and adjoining Bullskin Run, in all containing

512 Acres 16 & a-half Perches.

The several Tracts are as follows, viz:—271 Acres 1 Rood 6½ Perches, being that on which said Rowland resides, and composed of three smaller tracts, viz.—one of 100 Acres—one of 35 Acres 1 Rood 20 Perches—and the third of 135 A. 3R 26¼P. The three united as the Tract on which said Rowland resides. The improvements are such as usual, and comprise all necessary buildings for a farm; and the tract is well watered by running water and by springs.

—ALSO—

Another Tract containing 133 A 2 R. near the first—well watered and well improved.

—ALSO—

A third tract, containing 107 A. 1 R. 10 P. commonly called "The Barren Field."

The two latter tracts had been previously conveyed by said Rowland, and the purchaser of them will be required to pay the debts for which they were conveyed. A satisfactory arrangement for them can be made.

These several tracts of land are among the most valuable in the county, of convenient size for purchasers, in the very best state of cultivation as to soil and improvements, and offer to land-buyers the most favorable opportunity for the investment of capital.

Terms of Sale—One-third cash, the balance in two equal annual payments (with interest) from the day of sale. The purchaser giving bond and approved security, and when his title is made, a deed of trust to secure the payment of the bonds.

Possession given immediately.
COLIN C. PORTER,
JOHN ROWLAND,
Aug 27, 1846. *Trustees.*

CANDLES—Adamantine, Sperm and Tallow Candles, for sale by
WM R SEEVERS.
Summit Point, Aug 27.

Wholesale Grocery and Shoe Store.

M'VEIGH & BRO.,

RESPECTFULLY inform their customers and purchasers generally, that they are now receiving, direct from New York and Boston, their Spring Supply of Groceries, &c, consisting in part, as follows, viz.

50 hhds. St Croix, Porto Rico & N Orl. Sugar
60 boxes English and double refined Loaf, "
20 " white and brown Havana, "
10 bbls Pulverised and Crushed, "
120 hhds, tierces and barrels N. O. Molasses.

COFFEE & TEAS.
Porto Rico Cardenas, "
200 bags strong scented green Rio Coffee,
125 Govens Java, Maracaibo & Angostura,
200 St. Catharine, Laguira & St Domingo,
95 chests and ½ chests Gunpowder Imp.,
Young Hyson and Powchong Teas, of superior quality!

TOBACCO.
115 boxes 12's, 14's, and 16's,
35 " 5's, and 8's,
25 " sup'r Cavendish,
45 kegs Garrett Scotch Snuff,
3 bbls. Scotch Snuff in Bladders,
25 jars scented Snuff,
10,000 Principe Segars, (best brands,)
25,000 half Spanish "
75,000 American "
10 tierces fresh best Rice,
150 boxes Rosin Soap,
125 " Shaving " (great variety,)
110 " Mould and Dipped Candles,
25 " Sperm do.,
50 " Cheese,
75 " Starch and Chocolate,
100 reams No. 1 and 2, feint lined, Cap paper,
125 " do. Letter,
75 " plain Letter and Cap,
225 " Double and Single Wrapping paper,
500 sacks "Factory filled" Fine and Ground
100 boxes Bunch Raisins,
25 " Shelled Almonds,
25 Balea Almonds, Filberts, Pecon & Brazil Nuts,
3 cases Prunes, in glass jars,
10 " Preserved Ginger,
25 casks Old Maderia Wine,
25 casks pale and brown Sherry do.
30 casks sweet Malaga and Muscatel do.
35 casks

THE FREE PRESS

IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY, AT

TWO DOLLARS & FIFTY CENTS

PER ANNUM,

Payable half yearly; but Two Dollars will be taken in payment in full, if paid entirely in advance.

☞ Whenever payment is deferred beyond the expiration of the year, interest will be charged.

☞ Subscriptions for six months, $1 25, to be paid invariably in advance.

ADVERTISING.

The terms of advertising are, for a square or less $1, for three insertions—larger ones in the same proportion. Each continuance 25 cents per square. ☞ All advertisements not ordered for a specific time, will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly.

Mr. V. B. Palmer, American Newspaper and Advertising Agent in the cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, and Boston, has been appointed Agent for receiving and forwarding subscriptions and advertisements for this paper, at his offices in these cities respectively, viz:

Baltimore, Southeast corner of Baltimore and Calvert Streets.
Philadelphia, No. 59. Pine Street.
New York, No. 30 Ann Street.
Boston, No. 14 State Street.

VARIETY.

Power of Steam.—"Is it stame?" said an Irishman; "by the saintly St. Patkrick, but it's a mighty great thing intirely, for drivin' things; it put me through nine States in a day!—divil a wor! lie in it!"

"*Nine States!*" exclaimed a dozen, in astonishment.

"Yes, nine of them, be jabers, as aisy as a cat 'ud lick her ear! D'ye see, now: I got married in New York in the morn-in', and wint wid my wife Biddy to Baltimore the same day—hould yer whist now, and count the *States*. There was the state of matrimony, which I entered from a single state, in a sober state, in the State of New York, and I wint through New Jarsy, Pinsylvane and Delawur into Maryland, where I arrived in a most beautiful state of *jollification!* There is nine, by the rod of Moses—count'em if yez like. Och, but stame's a scrouger!"

[*St. Louis Reville.*

Notions of a native African about the future state.—The other day a respectable lawyer of this city had occasion to examine the African boy brought home in the Porpoise, with a view of taking his deposition in the prize suit against the vessel, and the following preliminary catechising took place:—*Boston Post.*

Law.—Guilhame, what do you hold up your hand for?

Guil.—To call God to see me tell true.

Law.—Suppose you tell the truth, what then?

Guil.—I go lib near God.

Law.—Suppose you tell a lie, what then?

Guil.—I go to debbil.

Law.—What will the devil do to you?

Guil.—He put a tail on me.

The above is verbatim, and was taken down at the time by the lawyer.

"Did you ever see any of the popular novels?" said a city dame to a country cousin. "No, ma'am, but I've seen poplar trees."

Popular.—It is said that nine out of ten of the flat boats which pass down the Mississippi are called "Rough and Ready."

'I'm *boarding out*,' as the loafer said when he curled up for the night on a pile of lumber.

A little boy lately walked nearly a mile, carrying on his shoulder an iron article which weighs *twelve hundred pounds!*—Don't start, reader, the article was *patent steelyards.*

Two ignorant persons fell into a dispute about the native place of Jonah, who, as the clergyman told them in his text, or at least as they understood him, once *swallowed a whale*. 'I tell you,' said one, with great earnestness, 'This Jonah was no Boston man, he was a Newfoundlander—a devil of a fellow for fish.'

'What boxes govern the world?' asks a New York paper; it answers the question thus: 'The cartridge box, the ballot box, the jury box, and the b[illegible]'

'I will not kill thee' [illegible] had stopped [illegible] whom a b[illegible] will hold thy head under the [illegible] until thy breath departs from thy body.'

'What a strange thing it is that with such a name you should be such a wicked fellow,' said Mr. Steel to Mr. Good.—'Not at all,' was the reply, 'seeing that you, notwithstanding your name, are so very soft.'

In the streets of Leicester one day, Dean Swift was accosted by a drunken weaver, who, staggering against his reverence, said, 'I've been spinning it out.'—'Yes,' said the dean, 'I see you have, and you are reeling it home.'

A Sweet Punster.—The editor of the Republican Era says there is but one member of the State Convention which he should like to lick, and that is Mr. Candee.

A deceased Irish Judge is reported to have said, when addressing a prisoner convicted of murder, 'You are to be hanged, and I hope it will be a warning to you.'

'Here, you little rascal, walk up, and give an account of yourself—where have you been?' 'After the girls, father.'—'Did you ever know me to do so when I was a boy?' 'No sir—but mother did.'

'Friendship,' says Byron, 'is a dangerous word for young ladies; it is love full fledged and waiting for a fine day to fly.'

A pious woman husband had gone to sea, lately sent up the following 'note' to the officiating minister:—'A sister of the church requests the prayers of this congregation on account of the departure of her husband that it may be sanctified to her, and prove a temporal and *everlasting* blessing.'

TO DYE COTTON BLACK.

Take red oak and sweet gum bark, sumach berries, alderlags, walnut bark or green walnuts, pine tops and chinquepin root, boil until the dye appears strong.—Then dye the cotton in copperas, and dip it in the dye above.

NOTICE.

ORDERED, by the Board of Directors of the Harpers Ferry & Shenandoah Manufacturing Company, that the subscribers to the Stock of said Company are requested to pay their instalments as follows: Two dollars per share on the third Friday in August inst.; three dollars per share on the third Friday in September next; four dollars per share on the third Friday in October next; four dollars per share on the third Friday in November next; and four dollars per share on the third Friday in December next, payable to Geo. Mauzy, Treasurer of the Company, personally, or at the Farmers and Mechanics' Bank of Frederick county, Maryland, or the Office of Discount and Deposite of the Bank of the Valley in Virginia, at Charlestown.

Note—To prevent mistakes, the Stockholders are requested to continue to pay at the places at which the first instalments are paid, unless a change of residence should make it necessary to do otherwise. JAMES GIDDINGS,

Aug 6, 1846. *President.*

C. E. Wetmore & Co.,

Dealers in Imported, Domestic & Fancy Hardware, Table Cutlery, Waiters, Silver Plated & Britannia Ware, Block Tin & Japanned Ware, Solar and Hall Lamps,

COMPRISING a great variety of articles under each of the above heads. Great inducements are offered to cash dealers. Give us a call. Hotels and families furnished complete at the shortest notice, and at the lowest cash prices. Call at No. 10 North Charles st., Baltimore, opposite the Union Bank, and near the new Methodist Church.

Baltimore, Aug 20, 1846—tf.

Canfield, Brother & CO.,

Importers, Manufacturers & Dealers

IN Watches, Fine Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, Lamps, Military and Fancy Goods, No. 227, Baltimore Street, corner of Charles street, Baltimore.

Ira C. Canfield,
Wm. B Canfield,
Jos. H. Meredith,

July 23, 1846—tf

JENKINS & LILLY,

Saddlers, Harness, & Trunk

MAKERS,

NO. 10 South Street, Baltimore.

Military Works, for Horse, Infantry, Rifle, or Artillery Companys, at short notice, all warranted of the most approved style.

Baltimore, July 23, 1846—2m.

D. L. FARNAM'S

Patent Forcing Pump.

FARMERS, Planters, and Gentlemen, can have Water brought from a distance to a Reservoir, from which it may be conveyed in pipes, to the house, barn, hog stys, &c.; to the milk rooms for keeping milk cool in summer; or to supply fountains. These pumps may be worked by hand, or by a water-wheel or windmill, and are capable of forcing water 100 to 600 feet horizontally, and from 30 to 100 feet high; and with the addition of a hose, may be converted into a Fire Engine.

The following gentlemen may be referred to: Hon. J. R. Douglass, and And. Hunter, Esq., *Charlestown.*

Edmund I. Lee, Esq. *Shepherdstown.*

D. H. Conrad, Esq., Bernard Doll, *Martinsburg.*

Col. Strother, *Bath.*

☞ Orders left with JOHN KABLE, of Kabletown, Jefferson County, F. W. RAWLINS, Charlestown, or with RHYS JONES, Martinsburg, Berkeley County, will be promptly attended to.

Sept 18, 1845—1y.

Wool Wanted.

I WILL give the highest market price for washed and unwashed WOOL, in exchange for C. Billmyre's make of Fulled and Plaid Linseys, or any other kind of merchandise.

JOHN K. WHITE.

Shepherdstown, May 21, 1846—tf

Stone Ware.

JUST received a large assortment of [illegible]

Aug 30, 1846. WM. S. LOCK.

O. FISH & CO'S

Fashionabe Hat, Cap and Fur-

ESTABLISHMENT,

Washington City.

IN connection with Gentlemen's Wardrobe Articles. Sales-rooms 1 and 2, Brown's Hotel, at the sign of the "Golden Fish."

We offer for sale a very full and splendid assortment of GOODS in our line, as enumerated in part below:

HATS.—Beaver, Cassimere, Moleskin and Brush Hats, of the [illegible] fashionable manufacture of which is in vogue, in the [illegible]

We defy the Franklin Institute of the city of N. Y., at their recent Fair, awarded us the medals for the best specimens of Beaver and Moleskin Hats, and the American Institute have also awarded us the highest honors for five consecutive years; evidences of the superiority of our manufacture.

Extract of a letter from Gen. Andrew Jackson to F. P. Blair, Esq. of Washington.

"I tender my thanks to you for this elegant Hat: I shall preserve it as a memento of your friendship. Please to say to Messrs. O. FISH & CO. (the manufacturers,) that it gives proof of their superior skill in this branch of mechanism."

Extract from the correspondence of the National Intelligencer.

The beauty of the Hats at the late Fair of the American Institute should be noticed among the improvements in the arts. It pleased me that the Hatter whom I regarded as the best in the country, (Orlando Fish) has taken the first prize both at the Fair of the American Institute, and at the Franklin Fair in Philadelphia.

Brushes and Combs—Hair, cloth, tooth, nail, flesh, hat and shaving Brushes. Also, infants' hair brushes.

Tortoise shell, ivory, buffalo, and horn dressing and pocket combs, of every conceivable size and shape.

Perfumery—Lubin, Prevost, Guerlain, and Ede's Extracts of Fragrant Flowers, for the Toilet and Handkerchief, Shaving Creams and Soaps, Oils and Preparations for the Hair Dentifrices, German and French Cologne.

Sundry articles for every body's use, Pastille's Lip Salve, Cold Cream, Pearl Powder and Puffs, Preston Salts, Aromatic Vinegar, Travelling Dressing Cases, &c.

TO TRAVELLERS.

We have been appointed sole agents for the celebrated Lincourt Nautilus Life Preserver, which inflates itself while being drawn around the person—a most valuable article for a moment of sudden danger upon the water.

Also, Blunt & Sym's celebrated six barrel Self-Revolving and Self Cocking Pistol. A single inspection will convince any one that this is decidedly the best constructed self-cocking pistol now in use. No traveller should be without these two articles.

Washington, Jan. 1, 1846—1y.

Coal Stoves.

THE attention of those in want of COAL STOVES is invited to the improved kind that is now being manufactured at the Harpers-Ferry Foundery, which consists of five different sizes, suitable for Offices, Shops, Stores, Churches, &c. Also on hand, *Hot Air Cooking Stoves*, which will be delivered and set up in any section of the country they may be wanted.

WANTED—A large quantity of Old Copper and Brass, and old Cast and Wrought Iron which will be taken in exchange, at the highes price, for any thing in my line.

HUGH GILLECEE

Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 1845.

O. Fish & Co.,

AGENTS for the sale of the Genuine Patent Galvanic Rings, and Christie's Magnetic Fluid, a positive and permanent cure of Rheumatism and all Nervous Complaints.

For sale at Brown's Hotel, Washington, D.C.

Jan 1, 1846—1y.

WHEATFIELD HOTEL.

Baltimore, Md.

THIS Hotel is situated on Howard street, two doors north of Baltimore street, and in the immediate vicinity of the business part of the city. It contains upwards of 100 rooms, many of which are parlors with bed rooms adjoining, suitable for families. It has been thoroughly furnished with new and elegant furniture and all the accommodations to be found in any Hotel in the east.

The proprietor flatters himself that his long experience in the business will enable him so to conduct the establishment in every department as to render entire satisfaction to all his guests.

Merchants, travellers, &c. visiting Baltimore, will find it a healthy and desirable location.

J. McINTOSH, Proprietor.

Baltimore, April 3, 1845.—tf.

GLOBE INN,

CORNER of Baltimore and Howard streets, Baltimore, Md.

Board $1 per day.

A call from the travelling public is solicited Good Stabling. Attentive servants always in attendance.

JACOB BOHN, *Proprietor.*

Baltimore, July 23, 1846—1y.

FOUNTAIN INN,

[Late Beltzhoover's,]

Light Street, Baltimore, Maryland.

W. W. DIX, ARTHUR L. FOGG, } Proprietors,

HAVING leased this extensive and favorite establishment, and entirely renovated and refitted it thoroughly, so that it can compare advantageously with any similar establishment in the Union, have no hesitation in endeavoring to attract the attention of the travelling public to this favorite Hotel. If the most strenuous exertions, joined to every possible convenience to be found elsewhere, can insure success, they pledge themselves that its former well-earned reputation shall not only be merited but surpassed.

In accordance with the difficulties of the times, they have determined to reduce their charges to correspond. Terms $1,25 Per Day

Baltimore, Oct. 2, 1845.—tf.

Hartwell's Washington House.

No. 223, Chestnut Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

THE above establishment having recently undergone thorough repairs, and re-furnished throughout, presents all the advantages of a new house, with the long experience of the present proprietor, who can only assure his patrons that his efforts will not be relaxed to secure every luxury that may conduce to the comfort or pleasure of his guests.

Baths—warm and cold, in fine apartments, for Ladies and Gentlemen.

April 30, 1846—6m.

UNION HOTEL.

THIS large and commodious House, recently erected by Mr. Isaac Paul, on the Railroad, is now open for the reception of the public, and the subscriber begs leave to say that no effort on his part shall be wanting to render the stay of those who call upon him, agreeable.—He is also prepared to accommodate boarders by the week, month, or year.

The *Daily Line of Stages*, to the South, (via Staunton,) run to and from this house.

A. S. RHODES,

Late Proprietor Cloverdale Hotel.

Winchester, March 5, 1846.—tf.

CARRELL'S

WESTERN EXCHANGE,

HARPERS-FERRY, VA.

Dining Point on the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road.

Summer Arrangement.

FOR the accommodation of Passengers in the Cars, I will have daily for DINNER, Ham, Beef, Veal and Mutton. Fowls, boiled, roasted and fried, with 25 CENTS.

Ice Cream, Cake, Jellies, and Fruit, and every thing the Baltimore market will afford, shall always be in waiting for those that wish good fare, and also to patronize the opposition, *where Ladies and Gentlemen have only to pay for what they get.*

Ale, Wine, Brandy, Gin and Whiskey, for those who may desire them.

My situation is the most convenient at the place, where Passengers cannot possibly be left.

I return my thanks to the many friends that have patronized me, and hope always to merit the same. E. H. CARRELL.

Harpers Ferry, May 21, 1846.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

Harpers-Ferry, Va.

THE undersigned most respectfully inform the public that he has leased the Hotel at Harpers-Ferry, known as the UNITED STATES HOTEL. He has been flattered by the kind testimonials he has received of the satisfaction and approval of his conduct as a landlord in *Charlestown*, and bringing to his residence the experience of some years, he believes he will be able to maintain his character among his friends, and to acquire new tributes of approbation from the travelling public. He is determined to keep a good house, and one which will recommend itself.

He asks the travellers by the Rail Road as well as all others to give him one call, and if there be any reasonable cause of complaint of the fare or the manner of its service, a second visit will not be expected. He will endeavor to be polite and courteous, and all in his employ, connected with the Hotel, will be required to practice the same deportment. Preparations have been made for the accommodation of visiters—singly or in families, and the best the markets afford will be at the service of his patrons. His bar will be furnished with good WINES and LIQUORS, and his Stable will be attended by one of the best ostlers the State can produce. JOS. F. ABELL.

April 10, 1845.

FROM WINCHESTER

TO

CACAPHON SPRINGS.

A FOUR-HORSE COACH will leave Winchester *twice a week*, for this well known Watering place, viz: Mondays and Fridays—returning Tuesdays and Saturdays. The road is excellent, the scenery fine, and the accommodations and water unsurpassed. To persons in search of health or pleasure, there are but few places more desirable, at which to spend a few weeks, than the Cacaphon.

Distance 28 miles—Fare only $2!

Office, Rhodes' Union Hotel.

KEMP & RIPLEY, *Proprietors.*

Winchester, July 9, 1846.

MISS BROOKE,

HAVING returned from New York, respectfully informs the Ladies that she will open

Fashionable Millinery

On Saturday the 11th instant, opposite Lloyd Logan's, Loudoun Street.

She has opened an assortment of Ladies and Children's *STRAW HATS*—well selected—which will be disposed of at small profits.—Those who want, would do well to make an early call.

Miss B. also informs the Ladies that she has added to her establishment a competent *Dress Maker*, who will attend to all orders in that line.

N. B. All orders from the surrounding counties will be punctually attended to. Straw Bonnets bleached and done up in the best style.

Winchester, April 9, 1846.

Winchester Medical College.

THE Course of Lectures in this Institution will commence on the 1st Monday of October, and terminate the last of May.

The chairs are filled by the following gentlemen—

HUGH H. McGUIRE, M. D. Professor of Surgery:

DANIEL CONRAD, M. D. Professor of Anatomy and Physiology:

J. PHILIP SMITH, M. D. Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine:

JOHN J. H. STRAITH, M. D. Professor of Obstetrics, Diseases of Women and Children, and Medical Jurisprudence:

WM. A. BRADFORD, M. D. Professor of Chemistry and Materia Medica.

The term of instruction being 8 months, (double the usual period,) will afford ample time to the Student, to revise and keep pace with the Lectures, thus obviating the necessity of preparatory study.

The Student will also have frequent opportunities of attending Clinics, and the very extensive surgical practice of the Professor of that branch, will afford a large field for observation and improvement.

Every facility will be offered for acquiring a thorough knowledge of Practical Anatomy.

The fee for each course of Lectures is 20 dollars.

Dissecting ticket 10 dollars. Boarding can be procured in Winchester, Va. at a very low rate, perhaps cheaper than any town in the Union of the same size.

Individuals desirous of attending the Lectures can procure information by applying to any of the Professors.

DANIEL CONRAD, *Dean.*

Winchester, Va. June 18, 1846.

N. B. An announcement in pamphlet form, detailing the course of each department, and the unusual advantages offered in this school, will be forwarded on application to the Dean.

MEDICAL COLLEGE

IN

Richmond, Virginia.

THE Ninth Winter Session of the Medical Department of Hampden Sidney College will commence in Richmond on the last MONDAY in October, (the 26th) and continue until the last of February following.

John Cullen, M. D., Prof. of the Theory and Practice of Medicine.

A. L. Warner, M. D., Prof. of Surgery.

L. W. Chamberlayne, M. D., Prof. of Therapeutics and Materia Medica.

R. L. Bohanan, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

S. Maupin, M. D., Prof. of Chemistry and Pharmacy.

Jeffries Wyman, M. D, Prof. of Anatomy and Physiology.

The College Building, rivaling in beauty, commodiousness and convenience, any similar structure in our country, has been completed, and offers to the student advantages in the prosecution of his preparatory studies, which hitherto the Faculty was unable to proffer to him. The College Infirmary has been in full operation for the past year, and has furnished more frequent opportunities to witness the lesser and more important surgical operations than any Hospital in the U. States. Independent of the surgical cases, the student can constantly find interesting cases illustrating the various diseases of the South, with the treatment which experience has thoroughly tested. The City Alms House is under the charge of one of the faculty, and will be open to the Medical Class for clinical instruction. The facilities for studying practical anatomy and operative surgery are unsurpassed. Physicians in the country and others who do not receive the Catalogue for the present year, which will be issued during this month, (July) will please send their names and post-office (post-paid) to the Dean.

AUG. L. WARNER, M. D.,

Dean of the Faculty.

Richmond, July 16, 1846—$5

French Burr Mill Stones.

THE subscribers having associated themselves for the purpose of *Manufacturing FRENCH BURRS*, they are now Take this method to inform the public that they are now prepared to execute all orders with promptness and despatch, and of the best articles, and at city prices. Orders from any part of the valley and the adjoining counties, accompanied with satisfactory references, will be promptly attended to. They may be seen at our shop near the Depot. WILSON, FUNK & CO.

Winchester, May 14, 1846—6m.

MARBLE.

THERE is now in the care of George W. Sappington, Esq., in Charlestown, Va., a finished assortment of

White Marble Tomb Stones;

(Lettering neatly executed at short notice)—Persons desirous of purchasing those last emblems of affection, will do well to examine these before they purchase elsewhere. Mr. Sappington, who has consented to act as Agent, will take pleasure in showing these Tomb Stones to persons desiring to see them, whether they wish to buy or not.

Monuments, Column and Plain Tomb Slabs, or any work in the Stone Cutting line furnished at short notice. WM. LOUGHRIDGE,

Leitersburg, Washington Co., Md.

March 12, 1846—tf.

NOTICE.

Mildred Timberlake, Guardian of Henry, Frances and Benjamin Timberlake, infant heirs of Thomas Timberlake, dec'd, and in her own right, PLAINTIFF

AGAINST

Richard Timberlake as Adm'r of Mary Timberlake, dec'd, and in his own right, Joseph J. Carter and Elizabeth C. his wife, Harfield Timberlake and Alcinda C. his wife, Harley Greenwood and Frances H. his wife, Brockenborough McCormick, Jas. Griggs, Trustee of the said McCormick, and the said Griggs as Guardian of Mary F., Ann, and Harfield McCormick, Mary McCoughtrey, William J. Maxwell and Susan his wife, Jas. Griggs as Trustee of said Maxwell, Louisa C., Henry, and Ambrose C. Timberlake, William D. Howell and Charlotte C. his wife, Ambrose C. Timberlake as Committee of Virginia Timberlake, and Henry, Nelly Ann, Frances, and Benjamin Tierlake, an infant heirs of Thomas Tierlake, and dec'd, and Thomas H. Willis, Adm'r of the said dec'd, DEFENDANTS,

THE parties in the above suit now pending in the County Court of Jefferson, in Chancery sitting, are hereby notified, that on *Friday the 4th day of September next*, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 7 P. M. of that day, at the office of Master Commissioner Worthington, in Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va, I shall take the depositions of Thomas Griggs, Sam'l W. Lackland, William C. Worthington, Thos. H. Willis and others, to be read as evidence in the said suit. And if from any cause the said depositions be not taken on that day, they will be taken on the day following, between the same hours, at the same place.

MILDRED TIMBERLAKE.

July 30, 1846.

PRESERVING SUGAR.

JUST received, cheap sugar, crushed ditto, and on hand a good supply of cheap Groceries, all low as the lowest for cash.

July [illegible] J J MILLER.

VIRGINIA, to wit:

AT Rules holden in the clerk's office of the circuit superior court of law and chancery for Jefferson county, the first Monday in August 1846—

Benjamin T. Towner, PLTF.,

AGAINST

Adam Kretzer and Joseph Myers, Adm'r of Henry Kretzer, dec'd, DEFTS,

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defendant, Adam Kretzer not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country; *It is ordered*, That the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown.

A Copy—Teste.

R. T. BROWN, *Clerk.*

Aug. 6, 1846.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the clerk's office of the circuit superior court of law and chancery for Jefferson county, the first Monday in August, 1846:

James Collett, George Byers Administrator of Joseph Smith, dec'd, and Michael Hensell, Ex'r of Jacob Hielman, deceased, PLTFS,

AGAINST

John T. Cookus, Ex'r of Jacob Crowl, dec'd, Michael Cookus, and Elizabeth his wife, Ellen Crowl, Henry Lecklider and Mary Ann his wife, Jacob Crowl, Michael Crowl, Peter Crowl, John Crowl, Joseph Crowl, Catharine Welshans, Isaac Masks and Polly his wife, Martin Slip, John Snyder, Jr., and Eliza his wife, William Rickard, and John Rickard, the said Elizabeth, Ellen, Mary Ann, Jacob, Michael, Peter, John, Joseph, Catharine, Polly, Martin, Eliza, William, and John, being the children and grand-children, and devisees, of the said Jacob Crowl, deceased, DEFTS.,

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defend's, Joseph Crowl and Jacob Crowl, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly, and the rules of this Court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this Commonwealth; *It is ordered*, That the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the Plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper printed in this county, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house of this county.

A copy—Teste R. T. BROWN, *Clerk.*

Aug 6, 1846.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the clerk's office of the circuit superior court of law and chancery for Jefferson county, the first Monday in August, 1846:

William C. Worthington, PLTF.

AGAINST

John Davenport, John Davenport, Administrator with the will annexed of Eliza J. Davenport, dec'd, and ——, children of the first named John Davenport, Samuel J. C. Davenport, John A. Davenport, and Ellen H. his wife, Margaret S. Davenport, and Elizabth Davenport, DEFEN[illegible]

[illegible] named defendant,) and ——, children of the said defend't, and John A. Davenport & Ellen H. his wife, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the Rules of this Court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: *It is ordered*, That the said Defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the Plaintiff, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house, in the said town of Charlestown.

A copy—Teste,

ROBERT T. BROWN, Clerk.

Aug 6, 1846.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the clerk's office of the circuit superior court of law and chancery for Jefferson county, the first Monday in August, 1846:

George W. Suppington, PLTF,

AGAINST

John Davenport, John Davenport, Adm. with the will annexed of Eliza J. Davenport, deceased, ——, the children of the first named John Davenport, S. J. C. Davenport, John A. Davenport, and Ellen H Davenport his wife, Margaret S. Davenport, and Elizabeth Davenport, DEFENDANTS,

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defendants, John Davenport the first named defendant, ——, children of said defendant, and John A. Davenport and Ellen H. his wife, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the rules of this Court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: *It is ordered*, That the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house in the said town of Charlestown.

A Copy—Teste.

R. T. BROWN, *Clerk.*

Aug 6, 1846.

Jacob Swagler against Charles Moler and others.

Extract from Order, dated August 3, 1846.

I, ISAAC R. DOUGLASS, Judge of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery, for the county of Jefferson, Virginia, in pursuance of the provisions of the act of the General Assembly authorizing the Judges of the Circuit Superior Courts of the Commonwealth, in vacation, to direct an account to be taken in any cause depending in their respective Circuits, whenever such account would be directed by the Court if in session, do hereby direct Com'r Worthington to take an account of the debts due from the defendant Charles Moler, as set forth in his deed of Trust, as also any other debts due from him, and any other liens by judgments or otherwise, on said land, or the property mentioned in said deed of trust, together with an account of said property—the said Commissioner giving reasonable notice of his proceedings under this order to the parties in this cause, and also by publication, to the other creditors of the said Moler, to produce their claims and liens before him—all of which the said Commissioner is directed to report to this Court, together with any special matters or statements which either or any of the parties may require to be stated or reported, in order to further proceedings in this cause. Signed,

I. R. DOUGLASS.

Commissioner's Office,
Charlestown, August 6, 1846.

☞ All parties interested in the above order of the Judge, are hereby notified to appear at my office aforesaid, on *Saturday, 5th day of September next*, with their evidence of the debts and liens, an account of which is directed to be taken by the above order—on which day I shall proceed to take the accounts required to be taken.

C. WORTHINGTON.

Master Com'r.

Aug. 6, 1846.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in August, 1846:

John Kretzer and Jacob Kretzer, PLFFS.,

AGAINST

Adam Kretzer and Joseph Myers, Administrators of Henry Kretzer, dec'd, the said Adam Kretzer in his individual character, the said Joseph Myers and Elizabeth his wife, Elizabeth Kretzer, Daniel Kretzer, Henry, Sarah, Thomas, and Ann Elizabeth Wintermoyer, Sarah Beltz, and Daniel Beltz her husband, Aaron, Margaret, and Henry Clay Fulk, Jacob Wintermoyer, and William Henry Show, DEFENDANTS.

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defts., Adam Kretzer, Daniel Kretzer, and William Henry Show, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this Commonwealth: *It is ordered*, That the said defend'ts do appear here on the fifth day of the next term, of this Court, and answer the bill of the plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in this county, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house of this county.

A Copy—Teste,

ROBERT T. BROWN, *Clerk.*

Aug 20, 1846.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in August, 1846:

Joseph Nichols, PLFF.,

AGAINST

Thomas H. Perdue, William Nichols, Charles Brooke, and Leonard Jewell, late partners contracting under the name of Perdue, Nichols & Company, Alfred McGeath, Thomas Nichols, Isaac Nichols, George Gregg, Joshua Nichols, Richard Osburn, Andrew Hunter, and David Lockheart, DEFENDANTS,

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defts., Thos. H. Perdue, Charles Brooke, and Leonard Jewell, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the Rules of this Court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: It is ordered, that the said defts. do appear here on the first day of the next Term and answer the Bill of the Plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court House in the said Town of Charlestown. A copy—Tesie,

R. T. BROWN, *Clerk.*

Aug 6, 1846.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT:

At Rules holden in the clerk's office of the circuit superior court of law and chancery for Jefferson county, the first Monday in August, 1846:

William F. Mott, Jun., PLTF.

AGAINST

Elias Lockwood, and Arthur Lockwood, Merchants and partners trading under the name and firm of Lockwood & Company, and the said Elias Lockwood, and Richard Parker, Joseph L. Russell, John H. Allstadt, Dolphin Drew, Francis W. Drew, and John W. Moore, DEFTS.,

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defendants, Elias Lockwood and Arthur Lockwood, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this Commonwealth: *It is ordered*, That the said defts do appear here on the first day of the next term, of this Court, and answer the bill of the plaintiff, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in this county, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house of this county. A copy—Teste,

R. T. BROWN, *Clerk.*

August 6, 1846.

VIRGINIA, to wit:

At Rules holden in the clerk's Office of the circuit superior court of law and chancery for Jefferson county, the first Monday in August, 1846:

Charles Moler, PLTF.,

AGAINST

Adam Moler, Daniel Moler, and John Moler, Thomas Black and Samuel Elder, partners in trade under the name of Black & Co., Henry Moler, Mahlon Beans, Jacob Swagler, John Kephart, Henry Miller, John T. Henkle, James M. Brown, The Bank of the Valley in Virginia, at Charlestown, William Anderson, Jacob Moler in his own right and as executor of Jane Moler, Isaac Henkle, & D. G. Henkle, DEFENDANTS,

IN CHANCERY.

THE Defend's, Thomas Black, Samuel Elder and William Anderson, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: *It is ordered*, That the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, in the county of Jefferson, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house of this county.

A Copy—Teste.

R. T. BROWN, *Clerk.*

Aug 6, 1846.

To the Farmers and Millers.

THE undersigned having leased the WARE HOUSE, at Shepherdstown, recently occupied by Mr. William Shortt, is now prepared to forward Grain & Flour to the District Market, or to purchase, or make liberal advance when received.

THOMAS G. HARRIS.

Jan. 22, 1846.—tf.

To Farmers and Millers.

THE undersigned has moved from the ware house lately rented from Mr. Shepherd's Heirs, into his own large new StoneWare House, and is still prepared to Forward

Grain and Flour

To the District Markets, or to purchase or make liberal advances when received.

WM. SHORTT.

Shepherdstown, Feb. 12, 1846—tf.

"Spirit of Jefferson" and "Martinsburg Gazette," will pease copy.

Cash for Negroes.

THE subscriber is anxious to purchase a large number of negroes, of both sexes, [illegible] likely. Persons having Negroes to dispose of, will find it to their interest to give him a call before selling, as he will pay the *very highest cash prices.*

He can be seen at the Berkeley Courts, at Martinsburg, on the second Monday, and at Berryville on the fourth Monday in each month, and usually at his residence in Charlestown.

All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to. WILLIAM CROW.

Charlestown, [illegible] 22, 1845—tf

Insensible Perspiration.

THE preceding figure is given to represent the INSENSIBLE PERSPIRATION. It is the great EVACUATION for the impurities of the body. It will be noticed that a thick cloudy mist issues from all points of the surface, which indicates that this perspiration flows uninterruptedly when we are in health, but ceases when we are sick. Life cannot be sustained without it; it is thrown off from the blood and other juices of the body, and disposes by this means, of nearly all the impurities within us. The blood by this means only works itself pure.—The language of Scripture is in the BLOOD is the Life." If it ever becomes impure it may be traced directly to the stoppage of the INSENSIBLE PERSPIRATION. It never requires any internal medicines to cleanse it, as it always purifies itself by its own heat and action, and throws off all the offending humors, through the Insensible Perspiration. Thus we see, all that is necessary when the blood is stagnant or infected, is to open the pores and it relieves itself from all impurity instantly. Its own heat and vitality are sufficient, without one particle of medicine, except to open the pores upon the surface.—Thus we see the folly of taking so much internal remedies. The Thompsonian for instance steams, the Hydropathist shrouds us in wet blankets, the Homopathist deal out infinitissimals, the Allipathis bleeds and doses us with mercury, and the blustering quack gorges us with pills, pills, pills.

To give some idea of the amount of the Insensible Perspiration, we will state that the learned Dr. Lewenhock, and the great Boerhaave, ascertained that five-eights of all we receive into the stomach, passed off by this means. In other words, if we eat and drink eight pounds per day, we evacuate five pounds of it by the Insensible Perspiration.

This is none other than the used up particle of the blood, and other juices giving place to the new and fresh ones. To check this therefore, is to retain in the system five-eighths of all the virulent matter that nature demands should leave the body.—And even when this is the case, the blood is of so active a principle, that it determines those particles to the skin, where they form scabs, pimples, ulcers and other spots.

By a sudden transition from heat to cold, the pores are stopped, the perspiration ceases, and disease begins at once to develope itself. Hence a stoppage of this flow of the juices originates so many complaints.

It is by stopping the pores, that overwhelms mankind with coughs, colds and consumptions. Nine tenths of the world die from diseases induced by a stoppage of the Insensible Perspiration.

Let me ask now every candid mind, what course seems the most reasonable to pursue, to unstop the opres after they are close? Would you give physic to unstop the pores? Or would you apply something that would do this upon the surface, where the clogging actually is? Would not this be common sense? And yet I know of no physician who make any external application to effect it; the reason I assign is, that no medicine within their knowledge is capable of doing it. Under these circumstances I present to physicians and all others, a preparation that has this power in its fullest extent. It is *McAllister's All-Healing Ointment, or the World's Salve.* It has POWER